CSV - REVISED

PARLIAMENT OF VICTORIA

Public Accounts and Estimates Committee



2021-22 and 2022-23 Financial and Performance Outcomes General Questionnaire

Court Services Victoria

CSV - REVISED

Contents

| Contents | .i |
|---|----|
| Introduction – Financial and Performance Outcomes Questionnaire | 2 |
| Section A: Output variances and program outcomes | 3 |
| Section B: Asset investment 2 | 1 |
| Section C: Revenue and appropriations | 4 |
| Section D: Expenses | 7 |
| Section E: Overall financial performance | 9 |
| Section F: Public sector workforce | 1 |
| Section G: Government decisions impacting on finances5 | 6 |
| Section H: General | 7 |
| Section I: Implementation of previous recommendations | 3 |

Introduction – Financial and Performance Outcomes Questionnaire

The Committee's inquiry into the 2021-22 and 2022-23 Financial and Performance Outcomes examines:

- the Government's actual expenditure and revenue compared to the budgeted expenditure and revenue
- the actual performance outcomes against the targeted performance outcomes at a departmental/agency level
- other expenditure unforeseen at the time of preparing the 2021-22 and 2022-23 Budgets and outcomes achieved.

The inquiry aims to benefit the Parliament and the community by:

- promoting the accountability, transparency and integrity of the executive and the public sector
- encouraging the effective and efficient delivery of public services and assets.

This questionnaire seeks information on the departmental/agency financials for the 2021-22 and 2022-23 financial years, what was achieved during those years and how that compares to expectations.

Timeline and format

Please email the completed questionnaire (in word and pdf) to paec@parliament.vic.gov.au

Please also email a signed copy.

Consistency with the budget papers

Wherever referring to an initiative/program/project that is referred to in the budget papers, please use the same name as is used in the budget papers. This ensures that the Committee can correlate the information provided by the department with the information in the budget papers.

Basis of consolidation

For departments, please use the same basis of consolidation as was used in the budget papers and in the budget portfolio outcomes statement in the department's annual report.

Guidance

Please contact the secretariat should you require guidance in relation to any questions:

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Section A: Output variances and program outcomes

Question 1 (all departments) Completed output initiatives from past budgets

For all initiatives that were completed in 2021-22 and 2022-23, please provide details of the expected outcomes for the community of the initiative and the actual outcomes achieved to date. Please use initiatives names as specified in *Budget Paper No. 3: Service Delivery* and link the initiative to the responsible output(s) and portfolio(s).

| | Year and funding allocated Budget year (\$ million) | | Actual date of | te | | Output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|--|---|-----|-----------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Initiative | | | completion (month and year) | Expected outcomes | Actual outcomes | |
| Helping Courts respond to the impacts of the pandemic (Magistrates' Court (MCV) pre-court engagement component) | 2020-21 | 2.0 | June 2022 | Improved support to family violence victim-survivors and reduced backlog through increased resolution of family violence-related matters prior to a court hearing. | MCV's pre-court engagement service supported parties to prepare for court with early referrals to legal and other services, helping matters to proceed on the hearing date. The service contributed to MCV's reduction in the number of pending Family Violence Intervention Orders from 23,472 cases in July 2021 down to 18,234 cases in June 2023. | Courts |
| Responding to increasing pressure on Victoria's justice system (COVIDSafe initiatives component) | 2021-22 | 2.0 | June 2022 | Safer court environments to enable courts to continue during the COVID pandemic. | All courts and the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal (VCAT) remained open during the pandemic and continued to hear and determine matters. Court users and the justice sector were kept informed of modified onsite operations implemented in line with public health orders. The health of court users and staff onsite was protected through an extensive range of hygiene and physical distancing measures put in place across all locations. | Courts |

| | Year and funding allocated Budget year (\$ million) | | Actual date of | | | Output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|---|---|-----|-----------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Initiative | | | completion (month and year) | Expected outcomes | Actual outcomes | |
| Expanding the Assessment and Referral Court (ARC) (navigation and triage pilot component) | 2022-23 | 0.6 | June 2023 | Improved support to accused persons with a mental illness and/or cognitive impairment. | MCV's navigation and triage service supported accused persons presenting at court with complex or additional needs to connect to appropriate services including mainstream court support programs, specialist court responses, community responses or a combination of these. Navigation Plans and other information were presented to the court to inform judicial decision making, through comprehensive and risk informed advice about a participant's needs and how these can be managed. | Courts |
| Securing the proven benefits of innovation and service delivery reform (VCAT Knowledge Management System (KMS) component) | 2021-22 | 2.0 | June 2023 | Improved user support through digital and other service enhancements. | In 2022-23, VCAT implemented its digital KMS. The KMS provided easy access to procedural and administrative advice to support case management, improved VCAT's ability to respond to changed and expanded jurisdiction, and improved timeliness and quality of responses to user enquiries. | Courts |
| Securing the proven benefits of innovation and service delivery reform (Judicial Commission of Victoria component) | 2021-22 | 1.9 | June 2023 | Increased support for the Judicial Commission in its role investigating complaints about judicial officers and VCAT members. | In 2022-23, the Commission has focussed on the key issues of sexual harassment and judicial bullying. The Judicial Conduct Guideline on Sexual Harassment was published in February 2022 and the Guideline on Judicial Bullying was published in May 2023. The Commission increased its engagement within the legal sector, presenting at a range of professional development days and to judicial officers. The | Courts |

| | Year and funding allocated Budget year (\$ million) | | • | | | Output(s) |
|---|---|-----|-----------------------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| Initiative | | | completion (month and year) | Expected outcomes | Actual outcomes | and portfolio(s) |
| | | | | | Commission also implemented a range of operational changes to increase its investigatory capacity. | |
| Essential resources for Victorian courts (community engagement component) | 2019-20 | 5.9 | June 2023 | Communication capabilities of the courts will be strengthened to give the community a greater understanding of the decisions and judgments made in court. | The Supreme (SCV) and County (CCV) Courts have strengthened their communication capabilities through the training and development of communication teams, strategic planning, and community engagement. The Courts have delivered on various initiatives to provide the public with a greater understanding of decisions and judgments made in court including a dedicated community information hub and case summaries on the SCV's website and court decisions - enhanced through an immediate publication protocol - and offence data on the CCV's website. The Courts also engaged effectively with the public through various media formats and public events including the Victorian Law Week and CCV's Schools and Tertiary Programs available to students state-wide each year. In addition, both the jurisdictions pivoted swiftly to virtual court observation during the pandemic to ensure media and community engagement continued. In addition, a range of information about court jurisdictions and processes is available on the Courts' websites. | Courts |

Question 2 (all departments) Program outcomes

Outcomes reflect the impact on the community of the goods and services provided by a department. The questions in this section all relate to the outcomes that the department contributed to in 2021-22 and 2022-23.

- a) Using the format of the table below, please outline the five programs that delivered the most important outcomes in the community¹ achieved by the department in 2021-22 and 2022-23 including:
 - i. The name of the program
 - ii. The relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) responsible for delivery of the program
 - iii. The program objectives
 - iv. The actual outcome achieved
 - v. The actions taken to deliver the actual outcome (i.e. the most important elements/essential parts that led the department to deliver the outcome).

| Program | I | Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program objectives | Description of actual outcome achieved | Description of the actions taken to deliver the actual outcome |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| deli and serv the pers hea | urts and VCAT's ivery of court I tribunal vices, including delivery of in- son and remote mings and vices | Courts | Fair, timely and efficient dispensing of justice | Court/VCAT users continued to have their matters heard and determined during the pandemic. The courts and VCAT continued to operate by making operational changes to remain open while protecting court staff and users in line with public health orders throughout the COVID pandemic. | The jurisdictions and Court Services Victoria (CSV) implemented changes in line with public health orders and COVIDSafe guidelines to ensure court/VCAT matters could continue to be heard efficiently, effectively, and safely during the pandemic, through a combination of onsite and remote services. All court staff and users were kept informed of modified onsite operations. The health of court staff and users needing to be onsite was protected through an extensive range of hygiene and physical distancing measures – including a COVID testing regime - put in place across all locations. This also necessitated the suspension of jury trials for most of the first half of 2021-22, in the interest of protecting the health of trial participants. Significant budget initiatives to support remote hearings, including the Online Magistrates' Court, the Children's Court |

¹ 'Outcomes' are the impact of service delivery on the community rather than a description of the services delivered. The Committee considers that an outcome could be considered important for a variety of reasons, such as the amount of funding allocated to the program, the public interest in the service or goods being delivered or where particular actions taken by the Department delivered improved outcomes.

| Pro | ngram and The second se | | Description of actual outcome achieved | Description of the actions taken to deliver the actual outcome | |
|-----|--|--------|---|---|--|
| | | | | | (ChCV) online case management and VCAT's remote hearing services, continued to be effectively utilised in 2021-22. |
| | | | | | The jurisdictions and CSV also continued collaboration with justice sector stakeholders to respond to COVID, including holding 'Justice Sector Forums' online. These meetings were vital to inform decisions taken by the Courts Group (jurisdictions, CSV, the Judicial College and Judicial Commission) and ensured they considered the needs and constraints of justice sector stakeholders, and vice versa. |
| 2. | Increased listing of jury trials state-wide | Courts | Fair, timely and efficient dispensing of justice | Court users had their jury trial matters heard and determined earlier due to increased listings once jury trials were able to recommence. | SCV and CCV, supported by Juries Victoria and justice agencies, increased the listing of jury trials across the state from January 2022. This was supported through the appointment of additional judicial registrars, and court support staff, including those involved in active case management and case resolutions, in both SCV and CCV. |
| 3. | Infrastructure works including additional technology-enabled courtrooms and <i>Disability</i> <i>Discrimination Act</i> (DDA) accessible infrastructure compliance upgrades to 10 regional courts | Courts | Increased availability of technology- enabled and DDA compliant courtrooms | The delivery of works, including digital works to support remote hearings, increased access to justice for court users state-wide. | CSV delivered infrastructure works state-wide to increase the availability of fit-for-purpose court facilities. This included CCV asset renewal works that increased the availability of criminal courtrooms and safe, contemporary court facilities. New technology-enabled courtrooms were also delivered in the William Cooper Justice Centre, providing for more matters to be listed, including matters heard through remote and hybrid means, and increased the efficiency and effectiveness of hearings. DDA upgrades included constructing wheelchair-accessible ramps at court entrances, building new accessible and ambulant toilets, and modifying registry desks. |
| 4. | Management of priority matters including bail | Courts | Fair, timely and efficient | The courts worked together to ensure priority matters, including bail applications and homicide | The courts made changes to practice, procedure, and operating models to ensure priority matters (including bail applications that |

| Program | | ogram Output(s) Program objective | | Description of actual outcome achieved | Description of the actions taken to deliver the actual outcome | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | applications and homicide matters | | dispensing of justice | matters, were progressed as quickly as possible during the COVID pandemic. | increased significantly during the pandemic and homicide matters) were addressed as soon as possible. | |
| | | | | | The changes included redirecting court resources - including those in the higher courts - to consider bail applications and developing a fast-track protocol for homicide matters. This enabled demands to be better managed across the court system, including the ability of SCV to manage a significant increase in bail applications in 2021-22 and deal directly with disclosure and pretrial witness examinations to facilitate homicide matters to resolve, or progress towards, a jury trial faster. | |
| 5. | CSV's Self- Determination Plan | Courts | Improved justice services and outcomes for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander court users | Improved services to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander court users through recognition of their voice as a key to decision-making in the context of the court environment. | The Courts Council endorsed the CSV Self-Determination Plan, which was launched in July 2021. The Courts Koori Committee, along with CSV's Koori Staff Network provided leadership and guidance on the implementation of the Self-Determination Plan, including advice on the design and delivery of Aboriginal Justice court-based programs and infrastructure plans to ensure culturally safe and appropriate designs and court facilities are achieved, including the new Bendigo and Wyndham Law Courts. | |

| Program | | Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program objectives | Description of actual outcome achieved | Description of the actions taken to deliver the actual outcome |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Additional court services | Courts | Improved | Improved services to | CSV extensively consulted with key stakeholders when planning and |
| | at the new Bendigo Law | | justice | the Loddon Mallee | delivering the project, from initial concept design through to |
| | Courts | | services and | community, including | landscaping including features to symbolise a smoking ceremony, |
| | | | outcomes for | specialist court | recognising the importance of the Djaara culture. The court features |

| Pro | ngram and San | | - | Description of actual outcome achieved | Description of the actions taken to deliver the actual outcome |
|-----|--|--------|---|--|---|
| | | | court users in Bendigo and the Loddon Mallee region | programs, provided to court users including a new Koori Court and ARC in a modern, inclusive, and fit-for- purpose facility which opened in February 2023. | integrated digital technology to support court user needs, including remote hearings, and improved operational efficiencies. Secure entrances and safe waiting areas also help vulnerable court users and reflect the recommendations of the <i>Royal Commission into</i> <i>Family Violence</i> . Specialist programs, including Koori Courts and ARC, are now offered at the new court, recognising the critical needs in the local community. |
| 2. | Continuing therapeutic court programs | Courts | Improved justice outcomes for vulnerable court users | Intensive and targeted support provided to court users in the CCV Drug Court and Court Integrated Services Program (CISP) pilots, and MCV Drug Court programs in Ballarat and Shepparton | Drug Court and CISP teams within CCV and MCV continued to work with key justice agencies, including Victoria Police and Victoria Legal Aid, to provide vulnerable court users with targeted support to address the root cause of their offending behaviour and reduce recidivism. The therapeutic court programs, with dedicated judges and magistrates, have also implemented evaluation initiatives to assess the benefits of their programs and to make changes to increase effectiveness and outcomes. |
| 3. | Active case management (ACM) | Courts | Efficient and effective administration of justice | Increased court and tribunal capacity and earlier resolution of matters | ACM teams, including judicial registrars, divisional lawyers, and specialist advisors, have implemented processes to increase court capacity and resolve matters earlier. ACM teams alleviate judicial workloads, and reduce hearing delay and adjournments, by conducting legal research and analysis to identify and resolve issues prior to hearings, reviewing files and preparing detailed memoranda to ensure applications are hearing ready. ACM teams also engage earlier with parties to ensure proper disclosure of pre-hearing issues and manage disputes, including mediation to increase earlier resolution of cases. |
| 4. | Specialist courts and services for children and their families | Courts | Improved justice outcomes for children and their families | Improved services to children and their families through a range of specialist programs | The ChCV continues to work with a range of justice and community agencies to deliver critical specialist courts and programs to better assist vulnerable children and their families, including the Family Drug Treatment Court, Marram-Ngala Ganbu, Children's Koori Court, Youth Control Orders, Intensive Bail Orders and Remand Court. |

| Program | | Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program objectives | Description of actual outcome achieved | Description of the actions taken to deliver the actual outcome |
|---------|--|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 5. | Online Magistrates' Court (OMC) & Service Centre | Courts | Efficient and effective administration and increased court access state-wide | Improved court access state-wide and matter readiness (including case clearance outcomes of 109.7 per cent for criminal matters in 2021-22 and 111 per cent in 2022- 23) | MCV, working in consultation with a range of justice agency partners, expanded the OMC to improve court access state-wide, allowing more matters to be heard remotely. MCV has also delivered a new Service Centre to provide front line services state-wide, responding to enquiries (phone calls, emails, webchat messaging) and delivering outbound text (SMS) messages, alleviating administrative burdens on local courts and enabling those courts to provide in-person public services, prepare complex matters for court and judicial support services. |

- b) Using the format of the table below, please outline the five least performing programs that did not deliver their planned outcomes in the community by the department in 2021-22 and 2022-23 including:
 - i. The name of the program
 - ii. The relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) responsible for delivery of the program
 - iii. The program objectives
 - iv. The actual outcome achieved
 - v. Explanation for not achieving the planned outcome (including a description of what actions were taken to try and achieve the planned outcome).

| Program | | Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program objectives | Description of actual outcome achieved | Detailed explanation for not delivering the planned outcome |
|---------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| 1. | Finalisation of initiated matters | Courts | Timely and efficient dispensing of matters with case clearance estimate of 100 per cent across all courts and VCAT | 2021-22 case clearance outcomes of: 95.5 per cent (was 83.4 per cent for 2020-21) for CCV criminal matters 94.7 per cent (was 94.6 per cent for 2020-21) for CCV civil matters 88.5 per cent (was 81.8 per cent for 2020-21) for VCAT matters | Despite the collective and collaborative responses of all courts and VCAT to COVID, ongoing operational restrictions and continuing demand resulted in case clearance targets of 100 per cent not being met. However, it is noted that CCV and VCAT case clearance rates did improve on rates in the prior year, 2020-21. |

| Pro | gram | Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program objectives | Description of actual outcome achieved | Detailed explanation for not delivering the planned outcome |
|-----|------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| 2. | Court file | Courts | Availability, | Lower than 90 per cent court file integrity outcome | The variance result was due to changes in |
| | integrity | | accuracy and | for 2021-22 including: | operations in response to the COVID pandemic, |
| | | | completeness of | - 84.4 per cent for ChCV | including requirements for non-essential |
| | | | court files | - 83 per cent for VCAT | administrative staff to work from home in accordance with public health orders. |

| Pro | gram | Output(s) and portfolio(s) Program objectives | | Description of actual outcome achieved | Detailed explanation for not delivering the planned outcome | |
|-----|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| 1. | Pending matters | Courts | Timely and efficient dispensing of matters | As at June 2023, the number of pending matters in SCV, CCV, MCV and VCAT is higher than the numbers as at March 2020. Pending numbers for ChCV and Coroners Court (CCoV) at June 2023 is less than at March 2020). | Victorian court and VCAT operations were significantly disrupted by COVID, resulting in significantly increased pending numbers. Improvements were made in 2022-23 but other factors also increased pending numbers including serious offender applications, institutional abuse and workplace/personal injury matters, CCV Common Law initiations, and FVIO applications. | |
| 2. | Finalisation of initiated matters | Courts | Timely and efficient dispensing of matters with case clearance estimates of 100 per cent | 2022-23 civil case clearance outcomes of: 98.6 per cent for SCV (98.0 per cent in 2021-22) 81.0 per cent for CCV (94.7 per cent in 2021-22) 94.4 per cent for MCV (101.1 per cent in 2021-22) 98.0 per cent for ChCV (103.3 per cent in 2021-22) 98.0 per cent for VCAT (88.5 per cent in 2021-22) 94.5 per cent for FVIOs (102.0 per cent in 2021-22) | An increase in initiations, including a significant increase in the CCV Commercial Division, resulted in CCV's lower outcome. The lower outcome for MCV and FVIOs was due to reduced listings earlier in the year to transition to a new case management system, and the gazettal of new specialist family violence courts. By the last quarter, overall outcomes had increased to 101.0 per cent and 102.0 per cent respectively. | |

Question 3 (all departments) Treasurer's Advances and other budget supplementation

a) Please identify all output(s) and portfolio(s) (and relate them to departmental programs) for which the department received additional funding after the initial Budget in 2021-22 and 2022-23.

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Program objectives | Funding allocated in 2021-22 Budget | Additional funding (\$ million) | Source of additional funding as per the Resource Management Framework | Funding utilised 2021-22 (\$ million) | Reasons why additional funding was required |
|----------------------------------|---------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Courts | CSV | Address urgent accommodation requirements | | 58.698 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 58.698 | Alternative accommodation required due to the unplanned closure of 436 Lonsdale Street |
| Courts | ChCV | Lease and fit out of the Dandenong Specialist Children's Court | | 2.573 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 2.573 | Delivery of a new Specialist Children's Court in Dandenong |
| Courts | CCV | Purchase of the County Court building in Melbourne | | 228.588 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 228.588 | Purchase of the County Court building in Melbourne at the conclusion of the former public private partnership (PPP) in May 2022 |
| Courts | CSV | COVID pandemic response | | 12.900 | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation – Output | 12.900 | Funding to meet program objectives in accordance with government health policy measures |
| Courts | SCV | Addressing backlogs in jury trials | | 2.400 | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation - Output | 2.400 | Additional operating capacity required to address a backlog in jury trials |
| Courts | CCoV | Coronial inquest into deaths in aged care during COVID | | 1.500 | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation - Output | 1.500 | Additional operating capacity required to support the coronial inquest |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Program objectives | Funding allocated in 2021-22 Budget | Additional funding (\$ million) | Source of additional funding as per the Resource Management Framework | Funding utilised 2021-22 (\$ million) | Reasons why additional funding was required |
|----------------------------------|---------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Courts | CSV | Asset revaluation associated costs | | 28.351 | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation - Output | 28.351 | Increase in depreciation expense due to periodic statutory asset revaluation |
| Courts | CCV | Court Integrated Services Pilot (CISP) | | 1.150 | Output Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021- 22 | 1.150 | Funding to meet program objectives impacted by COVID |
| Courts | CSV | Aboriginal Justice Agreement Phase Four | | 0.158 | Output Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021- 22 | 0.158 | Funding to meet program objectives impacted by COVID |
| Courts | VCAT | VCAT Digital Service Transformation Project | | 0.594 | Output & Capital Carryover from 2020- 21 to 2021-22 | 0.594 | Funding to meet program objectives impacted by COVID |
| Courts | CSV | Case management system for MCV and ChCV | | 8.796 | Output & Capital Carryover from 2020- 21 to 2021-22 | 8.796 | Funding to meet program objectives impacted by COVID |
| Courts | CCV | County Court Digital Transformation | | 0.637 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.637 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | Bendigo Law Courts redevelopment | | 7.100 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 7.100 | Funding to align with the contracted program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | New Wyndham Law Courts Development | | 0.475 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.475 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CCV | In-Court Technology Upgrade – Phase 4 | | 0.402 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.402 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | ChCV | Youth Justice Reforms | | 4.500 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 4.500 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | MCV | Building Stimulus Package | | 0.461 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.461 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | Online Courts Pilot | | 0.216 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.216 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Program objectives | Funding allocated in 2021-22 Budget | Additional funding (\$ million) | Source of additional funding as per the Resource Management Framework | Funding utilised 2021-22 (\$ million) | Reasons why additional funding was required |
|----------------------------------|------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Courts | MCV | Regional Drug Court Pilot | | 0.226 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.226 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | ChCV | Infrastructure Planning and Acceleration Fund building works | | 0.535 | Capital Carryover from 2020-21 to 2021-22 | 0.535 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Tota | al 2021-22 | | | 360.260 | | 360.260 | |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Program objectives | Funding allocated in 2022-23 Budget | Additional funding (\$ million) | Source of additional funding as per the Resource Management Framework | Funding utilised 2022-23 (\$ million) | Reasons why additional funding was required |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Courts | SCV | 451 Little Bourke St lease extension | | 0.355 | Treasurer's Advance - Output | 0.355 | To maintain operating capacity due to the closure of 436 Lonsdale Street |
| Courts | CCoV | St Basil's Home for the Aged coronial inquest | | 1.591 | Treasurer's Advance - Output | 1.591 | Additional operating capacity required to support the coronial inquest |
| Courts | Judicial Commission of Victoria | Investigating Panel | | 0.400 | Treasurer's Advance - Output | 0.184 | Additional operating capacity required to support the Investigating Panel |
| Courts | SCV | Probate Online | | 1.650 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 1.650 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | VCAT | Chambers, acoustic upgrades, and audio- visual links (AVL) | | 2.300 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 2.300 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | MCV | Switchboard and generator renewal | | 3.000 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 3.000 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Program objectives | Funding allocated in 2022-23 Budget | Additional funding (\$ million) | Source of additional funding as per the Resource Management Framework | Funding utilised 2022-23 (\$ million) | Reasons why additional funding was required |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Courts | CSV | Wyndham Law Courts | | 16.370 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 16.370 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | MCV | Specialist Family Violence Integrated Court Response | | 2.581 | Treasurer's Advance – Capital | 2.581 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | Year-end adjustments | | 0.273 | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation | 0.273 | To meet operating requirements impacted by end-of-year accounting changes |
| Courts | CSV | Bendigo Law Courts redevelopment | | 9.537 | Capital Carryover from 2021-22 to 2022-23 | 9.537 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | Wyndham Law Courts redevelopment | | 1.159 | Capital Carryover from 2021-22 to 2022-23 | 1.159 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | Fit for purpose security upgrades | | 1.500 | Capital Carryover from 2021-22 to 2022-23 | 1.500 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CSV | Sunshine Law Courts redevelopment | | 1.784 | Capital Carryover from 2021-22 to 2022-23 | 1.784 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| Courts | CCV | Accommodation and services renewal | | 1.678 | Capital Carryover from 2021-22 to 2022-23 | 1.678 | Funding to align with the revised program schedule |
| | Total 2022-23 | | | 44.178 | | 43.962 | |

b) Please provide the details of the outcomes achieved from each of these programs.

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Outcomes achieved |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Courts | CSV - address urgent accommodation requirements | Maintenance of operating capacity for SCV, ChCV and CSV, due to the unplanned closure of 436 Lonsdale Street Melbourne. |
| Courts | ChCV - lease and fit out of the Dandenong Specialist Children's Court | Delivery of specialist ChCV services for Dandenong and the surrounding community in a fit-for-purpose facility. |
| Courts | Purchase of the County Court building in Melbourne | Continued CCV services and operations in the Court's existing Melbourne facility. |
| Courts | COVID pandemic response | Delivery of court operations in accordance with government health policy measures. |
| Courts | SCV - addressing backlogs in jury trials | Provision of additional jury trials and reduction in backlog exacerbated by COVID. |
| Courts | CCoV - coronial inquest into deaths in aged care during COVID | Operational resourcing to support the ongoing coronial inquest. |
| Courts | CSV - Asset revaluation associated costs | Provision of depreciation funding in line with statutory requirements regarding asset valuation. |
| Courts | CCV - Court Integrated Services Pilot (CISP) | Delivery of the Court's CISP pilot to assist offenders to acquire the support needed to address the underlying causes of their offending behaviour. |
| Courts | CSV - Aboriginal Justice Agreement Phase Four | Conduct region-specific community consultation to establish culturally sensitive spaces including rooms for Elders and Respected Persons and Koori courtrooms. Training and induction of local Elders and Respected Persons. |
| Courts | VCAT - Digital Service Transformation Project | VCAT was enabled to hear important planning and other matters remotely to ensure priority projects could continue during COVID. |
| Courts | CSV - Case management system (CMS) for the Magistrates' and Children's Courts | Continued delivery of CSV's new CMS for MCV and ChCV. |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Outcomes achieved |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Courts | CCV - Digital Transformation | Continued delivery of the project to provide court users with efficient access to subpoenaed material and avoid in-person inspections, improve digital and automated workflows and data capture and less reliance on paper-based files. |
| Courts | CSV - Bendigo Law Courts redevelopment | Delivery of CSV's new court for the Bendigo and Loddon Mallee community. |
| Courts | CSV - Wyndham Law Courts redevelopment | Delivery of CSV's new court for the Wyndham community. |
| Courts | CCV – In-Court Technology Upgrade – Phase 4 | Upgrades to courtroom technology including additional audio-visual link technology to reduce the need for witnesses and defendants to appear in court. |
| Courts | ChCV - Youth Justice Reforms | Delivery of Youth Justice Reforms, including Youth Control Orders and Youth Justice Intensive Bail Scheme. |
| Courts | MCV - Building Stimulus Package | A range of upgrade works and building assessments at regional courts. |
| Courts | CSV - Online Courts Pilot | Concluding the refurbishment of the existing fit out to create six online hearing rooms, six judicial chambers and two breakout spaces. |
| Courts | MCV - Regional Drug Court Pilot | Fit out works for establishment of two regional drug court houses in regional Victoria (Shepparton and Ballarat). |
| Courts | ChCV - Building Work Infrastructure Planning and Acceleration Fund | Improve the capacity to manage young offenders by increasing cell capacity within operational constraints. |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Outcomes achieved |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Courts | SCV - 451 Little Bourke St lease extension | Ongoing operating capacity for SCV, after it was impacted by closure of 436 Lonsdale Street Melbourne. |
| Courts | CCoV - St Basil's Home for the Aged Coronial Inquest | Operational resourcing to support the ongoing coronial inquest. |

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) | Program | Outcomes achieved |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Courts | Judicial Commission of Victoria - Investigating Panel | Operational resourcing to support the Judicial Commission Investigating Panel. |
| Courts | SCV - Probate Online | Support for the remediation works to allow online advertising to be provisioned as the current probate online advertising system is being retired. |
| Courts | VCAT - chambers, acoustic upgrades and AVL | Acoustic treatment to VCAT chambers over two locations and existing hearing rooms supporting both online and face-to-face hearings. |
| Courts | MCV - switchboard and generator renewal | Planning and provision of works to replace MCV's switchboard, generator, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning at Melbourne MCV. |
| Courts | CSV - Wyndham Law Courts | Delivery of a new court for the Wyndham community. |
| Courts | MCV - Specialist Family Violence Integrated Court Response | Delivery of additional Specialist Family Violence Courts in line with the <i>Royal Commission</i> recommendations. |
| Courts | CSV - year-end adjustments | Receipt of funding to balance CSV's operational revenues and expenditure. |
| Courts | CSV - Bendigo Law Courts redevelopment | Delivery of a new court for the Bendigo and Loddon Mallee community. |
| Courts | CSV - Fit for purpose security upgrades | Payment of contractual commitments impacted by supply chain and schedule delays due to COVID. |
| Courts | CSV - Sunshine Law Courts redevelopment | Payment of contractual commitments impacted by supply chain and schedule delays due to COVID. |
| Courts | CCV - Accommodation and Services renewal | Physical infrastructure upgrades to the County Court building. |

Question 4 (all departments) Central contingencies

The Resource Management Framework (2022 section 4.5 pg. 88) provides guidance on how departments access funding from central contingencies.

Please provide information regarding funding received from central contingency in 2021-22 and 2022-23 including the output and portfolio or Government decision related to the funding, the amount of funding received, the amount of funding utilised, funding received through previous budgets for the same purpose and why funding from contingency was required.

As detailed in the Resource Management Framework, central contingencies are provisioned as Treasurer's Advances, with expenditure reported as Treasurer's Advances (by department) in the State's Annual Financial Report (Tables 8.2.13 in 2021-22 and 2022-23), in addition to funding required for urgent and unforeseen expenditure.

2021-22 response

As detailed in the Resource Management Framework, central contingencies are provisioned as Treasurer's Advances, with expenditure reported as Treasurer's Advances (by CSV) in the State's Annual Financial Report (Tables 8.2.13 in 2021-22 and 2022-23), in addition to funding required for urgent and unforeseen expenditure.

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) or Government decision associated | Funding received (\$ million) | Funding utilised 2021-22 (\$ million) | Funding received in previous budget/s for same purpose. Please specify which budget | Reasons why funding was required |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Courts | 228.588 | 228.588 | n/a | Purchase of the County Court building in Melbourne at the conclusion of the former PPP in May 2022 |
| Courts | 58.698 | 58.698 | 2021-22 Mid-Year Budget | Alternative accommodation required due to the unplanned closure of 436 Lonsdale Street |
| Courts | 2.573 | 2.573 | 2021-22 Mid-Year Budget | Delivery of a new Specialist Children's Court in Dandenong |
| Total 2021-22 | 289.859 | 289.859 | | |

As detailed in the Resource Management Framework, central contingencies are provisioned as Treasurer's Advances, with expenditure reported as Treasurer's Advances (by CSV) in the State's Annual Financial Report (Table 8.2.13 in 2022-23), in addition to funding required for urgent and unforeseen expenditure.

| Output(s) and portfolio(s) or Government decision associated | Funding received (\$ million) | Funding utilised 2022-23 (\$ million) | Funding received in previous budget/s for same purpose. Please specify which budget | Reasons why funding was required |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Courts | 16.370 | 16.370 | 2020-21 Budget | Release of funding held in contingency to meet contract and delivery costs for the Wyndham Law Courts project |
| Courts | 3.000 | 3.000 | n/a | MCV switchboard and generator renewal |
| Courts | 2.581 | 2.581 | 2021-22 Budget | The 2021-22 Budget provided for specialist family violence courts (SFVC) funding to be held in contingency pending the detailed scope and pre-tender cost plans |
| Courts | 2.300 | 2.300 | n/a | Upgrades of VCAT chambers audio and acoustics |
| Courts | 1.650 | 1.650 | n/a | Supreme Court Probate Online initiative |
| Courts | 1.591 | 1.591 | 2020-21 Budget | Additional operating capacity required to support the coronial inquest into St Basil's Home for the Aged deaths |
| Courts | 0.355 | 0.355 | n/a | Additional Supreme Court of Victoria accommodation requirement |
| Courts | 0.400 | 0.184 | 2020-21 Budget | Additional operating capacity required to support the Judicial Commission of Victoria Investigating Panel |
| Total 2022-23 | 28.247 | 28.031 | | |

Questions 5 and 6 do not apply to CSV.

Received 13 November 2023

Section B: Asset investment

Question 7 (all departments) Capital expenditure variances, completion date and scope changes – existing projects

Please provide details of all capital asset programs where:

- a) there was a variance between TEI at announcement compared to the revised TEI as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023 of equal to or greater than ±5% and an explanation for the variance
- b) the estimated completion date at announcement is different to the completion date as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023 and an explanation for the change
- c) the scope of the project at announcement is different to the scope of the project as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023.

30 June 2022 response

Capital expenditure

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Total actual expenditure spent from announcement to 30 June 2022 (\$ million) | TEI at announcement (\$ million) | Revised TEI as at 30 June 2022 (\$ million) | Variance between TEI at announcement compared to Revised TEI as at 30 June 2022 Budget (±5%) explanation |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Court case management system | Courts | 32.400 | 66.800 | 61.720 | The change in TEI is due to certain expenditure being reclassified as operating rather than capital in line with accounting standards. |

Completion date

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Estimated completion date at announcement | Revised completion date as at 30 June 2022 | Explanation |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| COVID Response | Courts | Q4, 2020-21 | Q3, 2021-22 | The estimated completion date was impacted by supply chain delays and COVID restrictions. |
| Echuca Court Safety and Security | Courts | Q4, 2019-20 | Q4, 2021-22 | The estimated completion date was changed due to the need to locate an alternative site. |

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Estimated completion date at announcement | Revised completion date as at 30 June 2022 | Explanation |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Forensic mental health implementation plan – priority services reform | Courts | Q4, 2020-21 | Q4, 2021-22 | The estimated completion date was revised due to undertaking a feasibility review of locations. |
| Implementation of Youth Justice Reform | Courts | Q4, 2018-19 | Q4, 2021-22 | The estimated completion date was changed due to additional assessment and review. |
| Safe and sustainable Victorian courts | Courts | Q4, 2020-21 | Q1, 2021-22 | The estimated completion date was changed due to impact of COVID stage 4 restrictions on site inspections. |

Scope

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Scope at announcement | Details of scope change(s) and date(s) scope changes occurred |
|---------|---|-----------------------|--|
| n/a | | | |

30 June 2023 response

Capital expenditure

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Total actual expenditure spent from announcement to 30 June 2023 (\$ million) | t announcement 2023 (\$ million) (\$ million) | | Variance between TEI at announcement compared to Revised TEI as at 30 June 2023 Budget (±5%) explanation |
|---|--|---|--|--------|--|
| Specialist family violence integrated court | Courts | 2.581 | 35.000 | 73.900 | The TEI increased due to a revised project scope. |

Completion date

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Estimated completion date at announcement | Revised completion date as at 30 June 2023 | Explanation |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| Bendigo Law Courts redevelopment | Courts | Q1, 2022-23 | Bendigo Law Court was completed in Q3, 2022-23 with financial completion expected in Q4, 2023-24 | The estimated completion date was revised due to COVID supply chain impacts, with construction of the Bendigo Law Court completed by Q3 2022-23 and the Bendigo Drug Court expected to be by Q4 2023-24. Project cashflow has been revised in line with the revised schedule. |
| Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) compliance works | Courts | Q4, 2021-22 | Q4, 2022-23 | The estimated completion date was revised to Q4 2022-23 to reflect heritage consultation requirements and works across multiple sites. Project cashflow has been revised in line with the revised schedule. |
| Fit for purpose security upgrades | Courts | Q4, 2021-22 | Q2, 2022-23 | The estimated completion date was revised to Q2 2022-23 due to a revised project scope. Project's cashflow has been revised in line with the revised schedule. |
| Sunshine Law Courts redevelopment | Courts | Q2, 2021-22 | Q4, 2023-24 | The program was materially impacted by Construction Directions including decreased number of people on site, the industry shut down and supply chain issues. |

| Project | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency responsible for the project | Scope at announcement | Details of scope change(s) and date(s) scope changes occurred |
|---|--|---|--|
| Courts case management system | Courts | Delivery of a new Case Management System (CMS) for the Magistrates' and Children's Court | The additional TEI funding of \$17.758 million allows CSV to continue delivering the in-progress CMS project, allowing for significant COVID impacts. This includes modified scope to fast-track delivery of a new release (eDocs) in late 2020 as a critical COVID response, enabling online filing ('eFiling') and greatly reducing the need for physical appearances at court sites for document lodgement purposes. |
| Specialist family violence integrated court | Courts | Establish specialist family violence courts at the remaining Magistrates' Court headquarter courts to ensure they have the functions of Family Violence Court Division courts, further acquitting the recommendations of the <i>Royal</i> <i>Commission into Family Violence</i> | In October 2022, \$38.892 million was reprioritised to ensure the delivery of SFVCs at seven metropolitan and regional sites in accordance with the requirements of Recommendation 70 from the <i>Royal Commission into Family Violence</i> . |

CSV - REVISED

Question 8 (all departments) Details of actual capital expenditure – completed projects (or expected to be completed)

Please provide the following details about asset investment projects that were completed in the 2021-22 and 2022-23 financial years:

- a) Project name, project objectives and Department(s), Output(s) and Portfolio(s) and/or Agency/Agencies responsible for delivery of the project
- b) Total Estimated Investment (TEI) at announcement
- c) Actual cost of project
- d) Estimated completion date at announcement
- e) Actual completion date
- f) Explanations for any variance in capital expenditure and/or completion date.

| Project | Original project objectives | Responsible Department(s), Output(s) and Portfolio(s) and / or Agency / Agencies | TEI at announce ment (\$ million) | Actual cost of project (\$ million) | Estimated completion date at announcement | Actual complete d date | Variance explanation (\$ value variance and/or time variance) |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| COVID Response | To ensure Victoria's courts continue to operate effectively and efficiently during COVID, funding provided for physical distancing infrastructure across the court network to enable in-person hearings to resume safely upgrades to County Court courtroom technology including additional audio-visual links a County Court digital transformation project to improve digital workflows. | Courts | 12.493 | 12.493 | Q4 2020-21 | Q3 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised to align with the updated project plan. |
| Critical upgrades – maintenance to health and justice | Funding provided for critical building works state-wide. | Courts | 1.250 | 1.250 | Q4 2021-22 | Q3 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised to align with the updated project plan. |

| Project | Original project objectives | Responsible Department(s), Output(s) and Portfolio(s) and / or Agency / Agencies | TEI at announce ment (\$ million) | Actual cost of project (\$ million) | Estimated completion date at announcement | Actual complete d date | Variance explanation (\$ value variance and/or time variance) |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| Forensic mental health implementation plan – priority services reform | Upgrades at regional courts to increase public safety related to the expansion of the Assessment and Referral Courts program. | Courts | 1.738 | 1.738 | Q4 2020-21 | Q1 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised due to undertaking a feasibility review of locations. |
| Online Courts Pilot | Funding to help reduce the backlog of hearings through an online pilot to hear more complex matters using remote technology and supporting infrastructure. | Courts | 2.000 | 2.000 | Q1 2021-22 | Q1 2021- 22 | n/a |
| Safe and sustainable Victorian courts | Funding is provided to upgrade critical infrastructure and bolster maintenance to ensure courts remain safe and sustainable to users in the future. | Courts | 7.234 | 7.234 | Q4 2020-21 | Q2 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised due to COVID restricting site inspections to progress the design phase of the project. |
| Aboriginal Justice Agreement (AJA) 4 | AJA is a partnership agreement between the Victorian Government and Aboriginal community, developed in response to the <i>Royal Commission into</i> <i>Aboriginal Deaths in Custody</i> . Funding provided was to implement Phase 4 of the AJA. | Courts | 1.295 | 1.263 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | n/a |
| Children's Court | Funding was provided for urgent holding cell works at Melbourne and Moorabbin Children's Courts. | Courts | 6.900 | 6.900 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | n/a |

| Project | Original project objectives | Responsible Department(s), Output(s) and Portfolio(s) and / or Agency / Agencies | TEI at announce ment (\$ million) | Actual cost of project (\$ million) | Estimated completion date at announcement | Actual complete d date | Variance explanation (\$ value variance and/or time variance) |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| County Court Facility Project | For the purchase of the County Court building at the end of the lease term. | Courts | 346.800 | 346.800 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | n/a |
| Echuca Court Safety and Security | Critical infrastructure upgrades to improve the safety, security, and operation of the court in Echuca. | Courts | 4.850 | 4.850 | Q4 2019-20 | Q4 2021- 22 | Revised completion date due to extended due diligence and review of alternative sites. |
| Horsham Judicial Safety Upgrades | Initiative funded in the Building Works package. Key essential upgrades to the Horsham Magistrates' Court including fit-out works and major security upgrades. | Courts | 0.950 | 0.930 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | n/a |
| Implementation of Youth Justice Reform | Delivery of Youth Justice Reforms, including Youth Control Orders and Youth Justice Intensive Bail Scheme. | Courts | 13.670 | 13.485 | Q4 2018-19 | Q4 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised to align with the updated project scope. |
| Responding to increasing pressure on Victoria's justice system | Works to accommodate additional judicial and court staff as part of the courts system response to COVID. | Courts | 1.400 | 1.400 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | n/a |
| Royal Commission into the Management of Police Informants | Funding for the appeal courts as part of the Court's response to proceedings relating to the Royal Commission. | Courts | 0.978 | 0.978 | Q2 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised to align with the updated project plan. |

| Project | Original project objectives | Responsible Department(s), Output(s) and Portfolio(s) and / or Agency / Agencies | TEI at announce ment (\$ million) | Actual cost of project (\$ million) | Estimated completion date at announcement | Actual complete d date | Variance explanation (\$ value variance and/or time variance) |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| Security upgrades to strengthen courts' safety | Security equipment, including CCTV upgrades and duress alarms, to ensure the safety of court staff and users, including in regional locations. | Courts | 5.041 | 5.041 | Q2 2021-22 | Q2 2021- 22 | n/a |
| VCAT remote hearing services | Information and communications technology infrastructure upgrades to enable VCAT to hear important planning and other urgent matters remotely. | Courts | 9.860 | 9.860 | Q2 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | The estimated completion date was revised to align with the updated project plan. |
| Werribee Essential Compliance Upgrade | Initiative funded in the Building Works package. Key essential upgrades to the Werribee Magistrates' Court including fit-out works and major security upgrades. | Courts | 2.570 | 2.570 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2021- 22 | n/a |

| Project | Original project objectives | Responsible Department(s), Output(s) and Portfolio(s) and/or Agency /Agencies | TEI at announcement (\$ million) | Actual cost of project (\$ million) | Estimated completion date at announcement | Actual completed date | Variance explanation (\$ value variance and/or time variance) |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| Bendigo Law Courts redevelopment | A multi-jurisdictional regional court facility for Bendigo and the Loddon Mallee community that delivered on a 2018 election commitment to improve access to justice as Bendigo's population grows and to reduce pressure on neighbouring courts. | Courts | 152.396 | 142.744 | Q1 2022-23 | Bendigo Law Court was completed in Q3, 2022-23 with financial completion date expected to be by Q4, 2023- 24 | The estimated completion date has been revised to align with the financial completion date for this project. While construction of the BLC is complete, this financial completion date relates to the Bendigo Drug Court. |
| Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) compliance works | A program of works state- wide including updating stairs and ramps, lighting, and entryways to ensure safe and secure access and amenities. | Courts | 9.100 | 9.100 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2022-23 | The estimated completion date was revised to reflect heritage consultation requirements and works across multiple sites. |
| Fit for Purpose Security Upgrades | Provision of security equipment, including entry screening equipment, CCTV upgrades and duress alarms, to ensure the safety of court staff and users, including in regional locations. | Courts | 4.510 | 4.510 | Q4 2021-22 | Q4 2022-23 | The estimated completion date was revised due to a revised project scope. |

Question 9 (all departments) High-value high-risk projects, gateway reviews and business cases

Under the High Value High Risk (HVHR) Framework, a project will be classified as HVHR if it is a budget funded project that has a Total Estimated Investment (TEI) of over \$250 million. HVHR projects are subject to compulsory Gateway reviews, where Gates 1 through 6 are compulsory for all eligible projects: Gate 2 outlines the development of a business case.

Please list all projects included in the 2021-22 and 2022-23 financial years that were allocated to the department and were classified as HVHR and the project objectives. Please also specify which gateway reviews, if any, were completed during 2021-22 and 2022-23 and business case details for each project.

| HVHR Project | Original project objectives | Gateway review name/ Date completed | Date business case completed | Business case – publicly available? Y/N | Business case link (URL) |
|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Courts case management system (CMS) | A new CMS will be established to operate across MCV and ChCV. The system will enable better information sharing between courts and other agencies, and provide better access to case information, including details relevant to family violence intervention order applications. This will enable more efficient management of courts and inform judicial decisions that help keep victims safe. | Gateway reviews were completed prior to 1 July 2021. | January 2018 | Ν | n/a |
| New Wyndham Law Development | A new western metropolitan headquarter court that will meet the long-term demand for justice services in Wyndham and the surrounding growth corridor. The new court will provide a full range of specialist court programs and services including hearing rooms, mediation suites and a specialist family violence court. | Gateway 3 (Readiness for market): March 2022 to April 2022 | July 2020 | N | n/a |

| HVHR Project | Original project objectives | Gateway review name/ Date completed | Date business case completed | Business case – publicly available? Y/N | Business case link (URL) |
|---|---|--|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Courts case management system (CMS) | A new CMS will be established to operate across MCV and ChCV. The system will enable better information sharing between courts and other agencies, and provide better access to case information, including details relevant to family violence intervention order applications. This will enable more efficient management of courts and inform judicial decisions that help keep victims safe. | Gateway 5 (Readiness for service): July 2022 (Civil release) | January 2018 | Ν | n/a |
| New Wyndham Law Court Development | A new western metropolitan headquarter court that will meet the long-term demand for justice services in Wyndham and the surrounding growth corridor. The new court will provide a full range of specialist court programs and services including hearing rooms, mediation suites and a specialist family violence court. | Gateway 4 (Tender decision): August 2022 to September 2022 | July 2020 | N | n/a |

Question 10 (all departments) Public Private Partnership (PPP) expenditure – existing and completed

Please provide the following information related to the department's PPP projects:

- a) The total estimated PPP investment value, the total actual expenditure from announcement to 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023, or the actual cost spent to 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023 (actual cost spent in the respective financial year) and the benefits of using the PPP financing model when delivering/funding a project over other financing methods.
- b) Where the estimated completion date at announcement is different to the completion date in the 2020-21 Budget and the 2021-22 Budget, and an explanation for any variance.
- c) Where the scope of the PPP at announcement is different to the scope of the project as it is presented in the 2020-21 Budget and the 2021-22 Budget.

30 June 2022 response

Investment value and benefit of using PPP model

| Project name | Project objectives | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency | Total estimated PPP investment value at the start of the project (\$ million) | Total actual expenditure since the announcement to 30 June 2022 (\$ million) | Actual expenditure in year ending 30 June 2022 (\$ million) | Benefits of using PPP model versus other delivery/funding models |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| County Court of Victoria | Provide accommodation lease for the County Court | Courts | 343.1 | *Refer to note | 49.646** | Government does not bear risks associated with construction of the asset. |

* County Court PPP commenced operation in May 2002. Total operational expenditure prior to the establishment of CSV from 1 July 2014 is not readily available.

** Actual expenditure includes all output and capital outgoings associated with the PPP including land tax and depreciation expense but does not include outgoings associated with the purchase of the County Court building.

Completion date

| Project name | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency | Estimated completion date | Revised estimated completion date | Variance explanation |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|----------------------|
| County Court of Victoria | Courts | Q4, 2021-22 | n/a | n/a |

Scope

| Project name | Output(s) and portfolio(s) and/or agency | Original scope | Revised scope | Explanation for scope changes |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| County Court of | Courts | Provision of accommodation for | No | n/a |
| Victoria | | life of contract (20 years). | change | |

30 June 2023 response

n/a

Question 11 does not apply to CSV

Section C: Revenue and appropriations

Question 12 (all departments and entities) Revenue – variances from previous year

Please explain any changes equal to or greater than ±10% or \$100 million between the actual result for 2020-21 and 2021-22 and the actual result for 2021-22 and 2022-23 for each revenue category detailed in your operating statement. Please also indicate what any additional revenue was used for or how any reduced amounts of revenue affected service delivery and then link it to the relevant output and portfolio.

Please also detail the outcomes in the community² achieved by any additional expenses or the impact on the community of reduced expenses (if there was no impact, please explain how that was achieved).

For departments, please provide data consolidated on the same basis as the budget portfolios outcomes statement in your annual reports.

If there were no revenue/income categories for the department/agency for which the 2021-22 and the 2022-23 expenditure changed from the prior year's expenditure by more than ±10% or \$100 million, you do not need to answer this question. If this is the case, please indicate 'no relevant line items' in the table(s) below.

| Revenue category | 2020-21 actual (\$ million) | 2021-22 actual (\$ million) | Explanations for changes ±10% or \$100 million | How the additional revenue was used/the impact of reduced revenue. If no impact, how was this achieved | Relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Output appropriations | 513 | 738 | Predominately relates to the purchase of the County Court facility in Melbourne in May 2022. | Purchase of the County Court facility in Melbourne. | Courts |
| Special appropriations | 170 | 189 | Mainly due to judicial appointments in 2021-22. | Additional special appropriations used for court operations. | Courts |
| Grants | 28 | 25 | Variance is due to timing of grant agreements. | Timing difference only. | Courts |

²That is, the impact of service delivery on the community rather than a description of the services delivered.

| Revenue category2021-22 actual (\$ million)2022-23 actual (\$ million) | | | Explanations for changes ±10% or \$100 million | How the additional revenue was used/the impact of reduced revenue. If no impact, how was this achieved | Relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|
| Output appropriations | 738 | 555 | Predominately relates to the purchase of the County Court facility in Melbourne in May 2022. | Reduced output appropriation in 2022-23 is due to appropriations in 2021-22 related to the purchase of the County Court facility in Melbourne. | Courts |
| Special appropriations | 189 | 209 | Mainly due to judicial appointments in 2022-23. | Additional special appropriations used for court operations. | Courts |
| Other income | - | 2 | Represents resources provided free of charge as part of the purchase arrangements for the County Court facility in Melbourne. | Cladding works for the County Court building in Melbourne. | Courts |

Question 13 (all departments and entities) Revenue – variances from budget to actual

Please explain any variances equal to or greater than ±10% or \$100 million between the initial budget estimate (not the revised estimate) and the actual result for 2021-22 and 2022-23 for each revenue category detailed in your operating statement. Please also indicate what any additional revenue was used for or how any reduced amounts of revenue affected service delivery and then link it to the relevant output and portfolio.

For departments, please provide data consolidated on the same basis as the budget portfolios outcomes statement in your annual reports.

2021-22 response

| Revenue category | 2021-22 | | Budget actual estimate (\$ million | | Explanations for changes ±10% or \$100 million | How the additional revenue was used/the impact of reduced revenue. If no impact, explain why | Relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|--------------------------|---------|-----|--|---|---|--|---|
| Output appropriations | 531 | 738 | Predominately relates to the purchase of the County Court facility in Melbourne in May 2022. | Purchase of the County Court facility in Melbourne. | Courts | | |
| Special appropriations | 201 | 189 | n/a | Actual outcome was less than budget as judicial salaries did not increase in 2021-22 as originally estimated. | Courts | | |

| Revenue category | 2022-23 Budget estimate (\$ million) | 2022-23 actual (\$ million) | Explanations for changes ±10% or \$100 million | How the additional revenue was used/the impact of reduced revenue. If no impact, explain why | Relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|---------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Grants | 23 | 27 | Variance is due to timing of grant agreements. | Timing difference only. | Courts |
| Other income | - | 2 | Represents resources provided free of charge as part of the purchase arrangements for the County Court building. | Cladding works for the County Court building in Melbourne. | Courts |

Section D: Expenses

Question 14 (all departments and entities) Expenses changed from previous year

Please explain any changes equal to or greater than ±10% or \$100 million with regards to the actual result for 2020-21 and 2021-22 and the actual result for 2021-22 and 2022-23 for each category of expenses detailed in your operating statement. Please explain any changes equal to or greater than ±10% or \$100 million with regards the actual result for 2021-22 and the 2021-22 budget estimate and the actual result for 2022-23 and the 2022-23 budget estimate. Please also detail the outcomes in the community³ achieved by any additional expenses or the impact on the community of reduced expenses (if there was no impact, please explain how that was achieved).

For departments, please provide data consolidated on the same basis as the budget portfolios outcomes statement in your annual reports.

| Expenses2020-212021-22categoryactualactual\$ million\$ million | | actual | Explanations for variances ±10% or \$100 million | Outcomes achieved by additional expenses/impact of reduced expenses. If no impact, how was this achieved | | |
|--|-----|--------|--|---|--|--|
| Employee benefits | 404 | 443 | Reflects additional employee costs included in new court programs. | Additional services including COVID responses and programs such as specialist family violence and digital transformation. | | |
| Depreciation | 76 | 90 | Asset-related expenses increased due to completion of projects and the purchase of the County Court facility. | Additional non-cash expense with completed assets to deliver improved court services. | | |
| Interest expense | 3 | 2 | Reflects the reconciliation of Right of Use Assets on transition to new standard. | Reconciliation adjustment with no material impact. | | |
| Capital Asset Charge | 48 | - | Capital Asset Charge was ceased as a government fiscal policy from 1 July 2021. | Minimal impact as non-cash fiscal policy change only. | | |
| Supplies and Services | 165 | 200 | Reflects increases in specialised and medicinal operational supplies and intra-government services offset by reduced office supplies and other operating expenses. | Additional supplies and services required as part of CSV's COVID response. | | |
| Compensation payment | - | 207 | Budget supplementation was provided to facilitate the purchase of the County Court facility. | Purchase of the County Court building to allow court operations to continue beyond the expiry of the PPP. | | |

³That is, the impact of service delivery on the community rather than a description of the services delivered.

| Expenses category2021-22 budget2021-22 actual \$ million | | actual | Explanations for variances ±10% or \$100 million | Outcomes achieved by additional expenses/impact of reduced expenses. If no impact, how was this achieved | | |
|--|-----|--------|---|---|--|--|
| Depreciation | 63 | 90 | Asset related expenses increased due to completion of projects and the purchase of the County Court facility. | Additional non-cash expense related to completed assets to deliver improved court services. | | |
| Interest expense | 8 | 2 | Reflects the reconciliation of Right of Use Assets on transition to new standard. | In 2021-22, CSV purchased the County Court building at the expiry of the PPP agreement, hence reducing the interest payment. | | |
| Grant expense | 3 | 14 | Predominantly reflects grants to Judicial College and Judicial Commission. | Reflects grants to Judicial College, Judicial Commission and grants received from other government department to deliver various programs including the Drug Courts, Court Integrated Services Program, Court Services Network agreement, and Supreme Court Library Grant to Law Library of Victoria. | | |
| Supplies and Services | 233 | 200 | Reflects reduced expenses for specialised and medicinal operational supplies and intra-government services. | Minimal impact reflecting less than expected consumption of supplies and services. | | |
| Compensation payment | - | 207 | Budget supplementation was provided to facilitate the purchase of the County Court facility. | Purchase of the County Court building to allow court operations to continue beyond the expiry of the PPP. | | |

| Expenses category | 2021-22 actual \$ million | 2022-23 actual \$ million | Explanations for variances ±10% or \$100 million | Outcomes achieved by additional expenses/impact of reduced expenses. If no impact, how was this achieved |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Employee benefits | 443 | 490 | In 2022-23, court activities began returning to pre-pandemic levels and are impacted by budget initiatives to reduce backlogs. Major facilities such as the Bendigo Law Courts and the Dandenong Children's Court also reached completion during 2022-23, increasing court activities and staffing levels. Labour market factors have also contributed, with higher salary | Budget initiatives that included additional staff delivered services to meet demand, including services at the new Bendigo Law Courts and Dandenong Children's Court. |

| Expenses actual actua | | 2022-23 actual \$ million | Explanations for variances ±10% or \$100 million | Outcomes achieved by additional expenses/impact of reduced expenses. If no impact, how was this achieved | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | packages required to attract appropriately qualified staff from a limited pool and/or to keep existing staff. | | |
| Interest expense | 2 | 1 | Reflects the reconciliation of Right of Use Assets on transition to new standard. | Minor reconciliation charge with no material impact. | |
| Grant expense | 14 | 16 | Predominantly reflects grants to the Judicial College and the Judicial Commission. | Reflects grants to the Judicial College and the Judicial Commission, and grants received from other government department to deliver various programs including Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Services for participants of the Court Integrated Services Program. | |
| Compensation payment | 207 | - | One-off expense related to the purchase of the County Court building. | Purchase of the County Court building to allow court operations to continue beyond the expiry of the PPP. | |

| Expenses category | budget actual . | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | Outcomes achieved by additional expenses/impact of reduced expenses. If no impact, how was this achieved |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----|---|--|
| Interest expense | 8 | 1 | Reflects the reconciliation of Right of Use Assets on transition to new standard. | In 2021-22, CSV purchased the County Court building through the PPP agreement, hence reducing the interest payment in 2022-23. |
| Grant expense | 3 | 16 | Predominantly reflects grants to Judicial College and Judicial Commission. | Reflects grants to Judicial College, Judicial Commission and grants received from other government department to deliver various programs including Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Services for participants of the Court Integrated Services Program. |
| Supplies and Services | 248 | 198 | The variance reflects operational delays in projects and programs, with some activities rescheduled to 2023-24. | Operational delays in programs resulted in outcomes expected to occur in 2022-23 being rescheduled to 2023- 24. Key stakeholders were kept informed of delays and impacts assessed and mitigated as much as possible. |

Question 15 Expenses/interventions related to COVID-19 pandemic response

For 2021-22 and 2022-23, please outline the programs and/or initiatives that were announced as part of the Victorian Government's response to the COVID-19 pandemic in the order of the highest amount allocated.

Please indicate if the department made use of emergency advances and retroactive funding approvals.

Please note whether there are identified performance measures in the budget papers related to the announced programs and please provide details of the reported outcomes.

2021-22 Response

a) On budget

| Name of the program/initiative | Program/initiative objectives | Expenditure as at 30 June 2022 | Output/Portfolio | Use of emergency advances/ retroactive funding approvals – Yes or No | Performance measures for the program/Initiative | Outcomes/project status |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|---|
| Responding to increasing pressure on the Victorian justice system | Sub-initiatives including COVID Safe initiatives; additional CCV judges, judicial registrars, staff, and accommodation; and ChCV online case management team | 9.751 | Courts | No - Announced as part of 2021-22 Budget | Courts and VCAT case clearance, on-time case processing | Progress reported as part of CSV's Departmental Performance Statement |

b) Off budget⁴

| Name of the program/initiative | Program/initiative objectives | Expenditure as at 30 June 2022 | Output/Portfolio | Use of emergency advances/ retroactive funding approvals – Yes or No | Performance measures for the program/Initiative | Outcomes/project status |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|---|
| COVID pandemic response | Funding to ensure the courts and VCAT could continue to operate during COVID in accordance with government health policy measures | 12.900 | Courts | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation | Courts and VCAT case clearance, on-time case processing | Progress reported as part of CSV's Departmental Performance Statement |
| Addressing backlogs in jury trials | Additional operating capacity required to address a backlog in jury trials | 2.400 | Courts | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation | Courts case clearance, on-time case processing | Progress reported as part of CSV's Departmental Performance Statement |
| Coronial inquest into deaths in aged care during COVID | Additional operating capacity required to support the Coronial inquest | 1.500 | Courts | Reinstatement of Unapplied Appropriation | CCoV case clearance, on-time case processing | Progress reported as part of CSV's Departmental Performance Statement |

⁴ 'Off budget' is where funds for programs/initiatives are not appropriated in the budget and therefore are not accounted for in the budget. For those programs that received appropriations through specially created programs or subprograms of the budget are known as 'on-budget arrangements'. For example, it could be that most COVID-19 initiatives are off budget items during 2020-21 unless prior budgeted programs were extended/expedited, etc due to COVID-19, then these would be classified as 'on budget'.

2022-23 Response

a) On budget

| Name of the program/initiative | Program/initiative objectives | Expenditure as at 30 June 2023 | Output /Portfolio | Use of emergency advances/ retroactive funding approvals – Yes or No | Performance measures for the program/Initiative | Outcomes/project status |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|--|
| Helping Courts respond to the impacts of the pandemic | Various initiatives to expand operational capacity in SCV, CCV, MCV and VCAT, to reduce backlog | 11.930 | Courts | No - Announced as part of 2022-23 Budget | Courts and VCAT case clearance, on- time case processing | Progress reported as part of CSV's Departmental Performance Statement. |

Off budget⁵

| Name of the program/initiative | Program/initiative objectives | Expenditure as at 30 June 2023 | Output /Portfolio | Use of emergency advances/ retroactive funding approvals – Yes or No | Performance measures for the program/Initiative | Outcomes/project status |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|
| St Basil's Home for the Aged Coronial Inquest | Additional operating capacity required to support the coronial inquest | 1.591 | Courts | Yes - Treasurer's Advance - output | CCoV case clearance, on-time case processing | The coronial inquest was held from 15 November to 15 December 2021, and remains part heard while awaiting the conclusion of a related WorkSafe Victoria prosecution. Family Liaison Officers supported 48 affected families. |

⁵ 'Off budget' is where funds for programs/initiatives are not appropriated in the budget and therefore are not accounted for in the budget. For those programs that received appropriations through specially created programs or subprograms of the budget are known as 'on-budget arrangements'. For example, it could be that most COVID-19 initiatives are off budget items during 2021-22 unless prior budgeted programs were extended/expedited, etc due to COVID-19, then these would be classified as 'on budget'.

Question 16 (all departments and entities) Changes to service delivery from savings initiatives

For each of the savings initiatives detailed in the 2021-22 Budget please provide the following details of the impact on service delivery:

- a) Savings target in the 2021-22 Budget and the amount of the savings target allocated to the department/entity.
- b) Actual savings achieved in 2021-22 and the actions taken to achieve the savings target allocated and their impact, including the link to the relevant output and portfolio impacted.

2021-22 response

| Savings initiative in the Budget \$ million | Savings target allocated to the department/entity in 2021-22 | Actual savings achieved in 2021-22 \$ million | Actions taken to achieve the allocated savings target | What was the impact as a result of the measures taken to achieve the savings target? (e.g. frontline and/or other areas of business that saw the impact) If no impact, how was this achieved | Which output(s) and portfolio(s) were impacted (if relevant) |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| Savings and efficiencies and expenditure reduction measures in 2021-22 Budget | 1.4 | 1.4 | Efficiency in administration, procurement, communications, consultancies, and staffing | Minimal impact achieved through attrition and administrative efficiencies | Courts |

| Savings initiative in the Budget \$ million | Savings target allocated to the department/entity in 2022-23 \$ million | Actual savings achieved in 2022-23 \$ million | Actions taken to achieve the allocated savings target | What was the impact as a result of the measures taken to achieve the savings target? (e.g. frontline and/or other areas of business that saw the impact) If no impact, how was this achieved | Which output(s) and portfolio(s) were impacted (if relevant) |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Savings and efficiencies and expenditure reduction measures in 2021-22 Budget | 0.9 | 0.9 | Efficiency in administration, procurement, communications, consultancies, and staffing | Minimal impact achieved through attrition and administrative efficiencies | Courts |

Question 17 (all departments) Achievement of reprioritisation of existing resources

The 2021-22 and 2022-23 Budgets include targets for 'reprioritisation and revenue offsets' to fund new initiatives (2021-22 Budget Paper No. 2, p. 68 and 2022-23 Budget Paper no. 2, p. 66). This is in addition to any savings or efficiencies resulting from expenditure reduction measures. For the department (including all controlled entities),⁶ please indicate:

- a) what areas of expenditure (including projects and programs if appropriate) the funding was reprioritised from (i.e. what the funding was initially provided for)
- b) what areas of expenditure were the funds actually spent on
- c) for each area of expenditure (or project or program), how much funding was reprioritised in each year
- d) the impact of the reprioritisation (in terms of service delivery) on those areas.

2021-22 Response

| Area of expenditure originally funded | Area of expenditure actually funded | Value of funding reprioritised in 2021-22 (\$ million) | Impact of reprioritisation of funding (if no impact, how was this achieved) | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted (if relevant) |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| MCV Special Appropriation Warrant | Responding to increasing | 1.186 | Sourced from existing Special Appropriation Warrant | Courts |
| CCV Special Appropriation Warrant | pressure on Victoria's justice system | 2.599 | Sourced from existing Special Appropriation Warrant | |
| MCV Special Appropriation Warrant | Reducing MCV backlog through online court services | 1.053 | Sourced from existing Special Appropriation Warrant | Courts |
| CHCV Output Appropriation | Shepparton Family Drug Treatment Court | 0.278 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |
| MCV Output Appropriation | State-wide practitioner programs | 0.345 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |
| MCV Special Appropriation | Early Intervention Fast- Track model in MCV's Industrial Division | 0.791 | Sourced from existing Special Appropriation Warrant | Courts |

⁶ That is, please provide this information for the department on the same basis of consolidation as is used in the budget papers.

| Area of expenditure originally funded | Area of expenditure actually funded | Value of funding reprioritised in 2022-23 (\$ million) | Impact of reprioritisation of funding (if no impact, how was this achieved) | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted (if relevant) |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| SCV Output Appropriation | SCV eCourts Program | 1.900 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |
| CCV Output Appropriation | Evaluation of CCV's Case Management program | 0.080 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |
| CSV Output Appropriation | Bendigo Law Courts | 0.837 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |
| MCV Special Appropriation | | 0.118 | Sourced from existing Special Appropriation Warrant | |
| ChCV Output Revenue | Improving access to justice for Children and their Families | 0.775 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |
| MCV Output Revenue | Whole of Victorian Government - Expansion of Assessment and Referral Court program | 1.338 | Internal reprioritisation | Courts |

Question 18 (all departments) Contractors, Consultants and Labour Hire Arrangements

a) Please indicate how much the department spent on contractors, consultants and labour hire arrangements during 2020-21, 2021-22 and 2022-23. Labour hire arrangements include the cost of engaging the labour recruiting firm, plus additional costs paid to the labour recruiting firm for the provision of the services of the contractor. Please also explain variances equal to or greater than ±10% between years and list the business areas impacted and how.

Consultants

| 2020-21 Actual \$ million | 2021-22 Actual \$ million | 2022-23 Actual \$ million | Explanation for variances (2020-21 over 2021-22) ±10% | Explanation for variances (2021-22 over 2022-23) ±10% | Which business areas were impacted/benefitted and how? | Please link your response to relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| 40.3 | 43.7 | 45.1 | Variance is below threshold. | Variance is below threshold. | n/a | Courts |

Contractors (including labour hire)

| 2020-21 Actual \$ million | 2021-22 Actual \$ million | 2022-23 Actual \$ million | Explanation for variances (2020-21 over 2021-22) ±10% | Explanation for variances (2021-22 over 2022-23) ±10% | Which business areas were impacted/benefitted and how? | Please link your response to relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| 12.8 | 14.1 | 16.4 | Professional services for projects including Courts Case Management System (CMS), Bendigo Law Courts (BLC) and Wyndham Law Courts (WLC), and to provide Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) training, IT support, Engineering /Architecture, Building services, Legal services, and Accounting/Financial services. | Professional services for projects including Courts CMS, BLC and WLC, and to provide OHS training, IT support, Engineering /Architecture, Building services, Legal services, Accounting/Financial services. | Project teams supporting Courts CMS, WLC, BLC, Specialist Family Violence, and VCAT Service Transformation, and CSV business areas supporting Strategic Asset Planning and CCV Public Private Partnership Commercial Strategy and Contract Negotiation Services. | Courts |

b) Please enter the actual amount spent on contractors and consultants that are from the Big Four accounting firms (aggregate) in 2021-22 and 2022-23 and list the reasons for engaging the firms.

| 2021-22 Actual \$ million | 2022-23 Actual \$ million | Reason for engaging firms | Please link your response to relevant output(s) and portfolio(s) |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| 1.885 | 0.934 | Deloitte – CCV Public Private Partnership Future Accommodation and Service Needs, CCV Case Management evaluation, and review of Wyndham Law Courts. | Courts |
| 0.344 | 0.519 | Ernst & Young – internal audit services. | Courts |
| 0.161 | 0.652 | KPMG – Drug Court and CISP program evaluations and MCV switchboard and generator replacement. | Courts |
| 2.522 | 3.024 | PricewaterhouseCoopers – Fleet Management Review and Case Management Solution services. | Courts |

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Question 19 (PNFC and PFC entities only) Dividends and other amounts paid to the general government sector

Please detail the type and value of dividends, amounts equivalent to dividends, non-dividend grants, and capital repatriations paid by your agency to the general government sector in 2021-22 and 2022-23, explaining the reasons for any significant changes over that period and the impact of any changes on the entity.

Please provide the economic funding ratio or accounting funding ratio as applicable at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023. Please provide details of the methodology used for the ratio calculation.

2021-22 response

| Type of dividend paid | 2021-22 Budget (\$ million) | 2021-22 Actual (\$ million) | Explanations for variances ±10% or \$100 million | Impact on the agency (including on financial position, investment, impacts on service delivery or infrastructure projects). If no impact, how was this achieved | Funding ratio at 30 June 2022 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| n/a as CSV is not PNFC or PFC | | | | | |

| Economic funding ratio / accounting funding ratio as at 30 June 2022 | Details of the methodology |
|--|----------------------------|
| n/a | |

| Type of dividend paid | 2022-23 Budget (\$ million) | 2022-23 Actual (\$ million) | Explanations for variances ±10% or \$100 million | Impact on the agency (including on financial position, investment, impacts on service delivery or infrastructure projects). If no impact, how was this achieved. | Funding ratio at 30 June 2023 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| n/a as CSV is not PNFC or PFC | | | | | |

| Economic funding ratio / accounting funding ratio as at 30 June 2023 | Details of the methodology |
|--|----------------------------|
| n/a | |

Section E: Overall financial performance

Question 20 (all departments) Impact of COVID-19 on financial performance – 2021-22 and 2022-23

Please outline and quantify, where possible, the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the department/agency's financial performance.

2021-22 response

| Line item in the Comprehensive operating statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 | 2021-22 Budget | 2021-22 Actual | Explanation of the impact caused by COVID-19 pandemic |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Total revenue and income from transactions | 755 | 952 | Revenue includes funding for COVID-related initiatives such as additional judicial officers, court staff and online hearings to address delays in the court caused by COVID health restrictions. |
| Total expenses from transactions | 755 | 956 | Expenses includes payments made in relation to COVID initiatives. |
| Net result from transactions (net operating balance) | - | (4) | |

| Line item in the Comprehensive operating statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 | 2022-23 Budget | 2022-23 Actual | Explanation of the impact caused by COVID-19 pandemic |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| Total revenue and income from transactions | 816 | 793 | Revenue includes funding for COVID-related initiatives including backlog reduction programs across SCV, CCV, MCV and VCAT which had operations impacted by COVID. |
| Total expenses from transactions | 816 | 796 | Expenses includes payments made in relation to COVID initiatives. |
| Net result from transactions (net operating balance) | - | (3) | |

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Question 21 (all departments) Impact of unforeseen events on financial performance – 2021-22 and 2022-23

Please outline and quantify, where possible, the impacts of unforeseen events over 2021-22 and 2022-23 on the department/agency's financial performance.

2021-22 response

| Line item in the Comprehensive operating statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 | 2021-22 Budget | 2021-22 Actual | Impact of unforeseen events |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total revenue and income from transactions | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Total expenses from transactions | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Net result from transactions (net operating balance) | n/a | n/a | n/a |

| Line item in the Comprehensive operating statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 | 2022-23 Budget | 2022-23 Actual | Impact of unforeseen events |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total revenue and income from transactions | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Total expenses from transactions | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Net result from transactions (net operating balance) | n/a | n/a | n/a |

Section F: Public sector workforce

Question 22 (all departments and entities) Full Time Equivalent (FTE) staff by level and category

a) Please provide total FTE as of 30 June 2021, 30 June 2022, 30 June 2023 and provide explanation for more than ±-10% change in FTE between years.

| Category | 30 June 2021 Actual FTE | 30 June 2022 Actual FTE | 30 June 2023 Actual FTE | Explanations of variance ±-10% between 2021 - 2022 | Explanations of variance ±-10% between 2022 - 2023 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| Secretary | | | | | |
| EO-1 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | Executive leadership appointment to improve organisational effectiveness | n/a |
| EO-2 | 10.5 | 13.6 | 15.0 | Executive leadership changes to improve court operations and organisational effectiveness | Executive leadership changes to improve court operations and organisational effectiveness |
| EO-3 | 12.9 | 14.7 | 15.9 | Executive leadership changes to improve court operations and organisational effectiveness | n/a |
| VPS Grade 7 (STS) | 22.0 | 28.8 | 45.6 | Additional resources in specialist court operations and corporate services | Additional resources in court operations, judicial support, and corporate services |
| VPS Grade 6 | 216.7 | 237.3 | 270.7 | n/a | Additional resources in corporate services |
| VPS Grade 5 | 323.2 | 396.8 | 417.6 | Additional resources in specialist court programs and corporate services | n/a |
| VPS Grade 4 | 453.8 | 496.9 | 541.8 | n/a | n/a |
| VPS Grade 3 | 746.8 | 830.3 | 900.4 | Additional resources in specialist court programs | n/a |
| VPS Grade 2 | 673.6 | 667.8 | 694.3 | n/a | n/a |
| VPS Grade 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | n/a | Appointment of cadets |
| Government Teaching Service | | | | | |
| Health services | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | |

| Category | 30 June 2021 Actual FTE | 30 June 2022 Actual FTE | 30 June 2023 Actual FTE | Explanations of variance ±-10% between 2021 - 2022 | Explanations of variance ±-10% between 2022 - 2023 |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| Nurses/Midwives | | | | | |
| Allied health professionals | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.5 | Change in hours | Additional specialised allied health resourcing |
| Child protection | | | | | |
| Disability development and support | | | | | |
| Youth custodial officers | | | | | |
| Custodial officers | | | | | |
| Other - Solicitor | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | Natural attrition | n/a |

b) For 2021-22 and 2022-23, please provide information regarding any staffing challenges faced by the department, including but not limited to: staff shortages by category or position name, positions that were hard to staff, positions that were vacant for 6+ months, positions that have not equalled or surpassed attrition.

2021-22

Staff shortages included the following categories: information technology, web design, family violence/specialist case management, occupational health and safety, data/business intelligence, digitisation services, mediation services and Koori programs.

During 2021-22, there were vacancies in excess of six months mainly in the following categories: courts registrars, administration/clerical, community health/social welfare, and professional/technical expertise.

2022-23

Staff shortages included the following categories: information technology/digital transformation, project management, data analytics, human resources, communications, procurement, finance, court operations, and family violence and social services specialists.

During 2022-23, there were vacancies in excess of six months mainly in the following categories: courts registrars, administration/clerical, community health/social welfare, and professional/technical expertise.

CSV did not set attrition targets for 2021-22 and 2022-23.

Question 23 (all departments and entities) Salary by employment category

In the table below, please detail the salary costs for 2020-21, 2021-22 and 2022-23, broken down by ongoing, fixed-term and casual, and explain any variances equal to or greater than ±10% or \$100 million between the years for each category.

| Employment category | Gross salary 2020-21 (\$ million) | Gross salary 2021-22 (\$ million) | Gross salary 2022-23 (\$ million) | Explanation for any year-on-year variances $\pm 10\%$ or $\$100$ million |
|---------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Ongoing | 178.658 | 204.427 | 222.370 | Ongoing and fixed term employment across CSV increased over consecutive years due |
| Fixed-term | 40.048 | 50.119 | 56.501 | to operational requirements. The increase in gross salary between 2020-21 and 2021- 22, and 2021-22 and 2022-23 is mainly attributed to court operations, family violence and specialist court programs in MCV; and additional resourcing for the delivery of major capital projects including the Bendigo and Wyndham Law Courts developments. |
| Casual | 1.125 | 1.236 | 0.745 | The reduction in casual salaries between 2021-22 and 2022-23 is mainly attributed to a decrease in overall sitting hours for Aboriginal Elders and Respected Persons at Koori Courts, and the conversion and/or termination of several casual employment arrangements. |
| Total | 219.831 | 255.782 | 279.616 | |

Question 24 (all departments and entities) Executive salary increases

Please detail the number of executives who received increases in their base remuneration in 2021-22 and 2022-23, breaking that information down according to what proportion of their salary the increase was, and explaining the reasons for executives' salaries increasing in each bracket.

2021-22 response

| Increase in base remuneration | Number of executiv rate of remuneratio from increases out | on of this amount i | in 2021-22, apart | Reasons for these increases |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| | Female | Male | Self-described | |
| 0-3% | Nil | 1 | Nil | Contract variation |
| 3-5% | Nil | Nil | Nil | n/a |
| 5-10% | 2 | Nil | Nil | New contract; salary review |
| 10-15% | Nil | Nil | Nil | n/a |
| greater than 15% | 1 | Nil | Nil | Reclassification/role review |

| Increase in base remuneration | Number of executive rate of remuneratio from increases out | n of this amount i | in 2022-23, apart | Reasons for these increases |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Female | Male | Self-described | |
| 0-3% | Nil | Nil | Nil | n/a |
| 3-5% | 1 | Nil | Nil | Salary review |
| 5-10% | 2 | 1 | Nil | Salary review; new contract |
| 10-15% | 1 | Nil | Nil | Salary review/contract variation |
| greater than 15% | Nil | 1 | Nil | Contract variation |

Question 25 (all departments and entities) Enterprise Bargaining Agreement (EBAs)

Please list the Enterprise Bargaining Agreement (EBAs) concluded in 2021-22 and 2022-23 that had an impact for the department/agency. For each EBA, please show the number of employees affected and the growth in employee expenses attributable to the EBA.

2021-22 response

| Enterprise Bargaining Agreement | Number of employees affected | Number of employees as a % of department/entity | Growth in employee expenses attributable to the EBA (\$ million) | Growth in employee expenses attributable to the EBA (\$ million) as a % of total employee expenses |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| n/a | | | | |

| Enterprise Bargaining Agreement | Number of employees affected | Number of employees as a % of department/entity | Growth in employee expenses attributable to the EBA (\$ million) | Growth in employee expenses attributable to the EBA (\$ million) as a % of total employee expenses |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|---|
| n/a | | | | |

Section G: Government decisions impacting on finances

Question 26 (all departments and entities) Commonwealth Government and National Cabinet decisions

Please identify any Commonwealth Government and National Cabinet decisions during 2021-22 and 2022-23 which had not been anticipated/not been concluded before the finalisation of the State budget in 2021-22 and in 2022-23 and their impact(s) on the department's/entity's finances or activities during those years (including new funding agreements, discontinued agreements and changes to funding levels). Please quantify the impact on income and expenses where possible.

2021-22 response

| Commonwealth Government decision | Impact(s) in 2021-22 | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | on income (\$ million) | on expenses (\$ million) | |
| n/a | | | |
| National Cabinet decision | Impact(s | in 2021-22 | |
| | on income (\$ million) | on expenses (\$ million) | |
| n/a | | | |

| Commonwealth Covernment desirion | Impact(s) in 2022-23 |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Commonwealth Government decision | on income (\$ million) on expenses (\$ million) |
| n/a | |
| | |
| National Cabinat desision | Impact(s) in 2022-23 |
| National Cabinet decision | Impact(s) in 2022-23 on income (\$ million) on expenses (\$ million) |

Section H: General

Question 27 (all departments and entities) Reviews/evaluations undertaken

- a) Please list all internal⁷ and external reviews/studies, established, commenced or completed by or on behalf of the department/agency in 2021-22 and 2022-23 and provide the following information:
 - i. Name of the review/evaluation and which portfolio and output/agency is responsible
 - ii. Reasons for the review/evaluation
 - iii. Terms of reference/scope of the review/evaluation
 - iv. Timeline for the review/evaluation
 - v. Anticipated outcomes of the review/evaluation
 - vi. Estimated cost of the review/evaluation and final cost (if completed)
 - vii. Where completed, whether the review/evaluation is publicly available and where. If no, why it is not publicly available.

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|---|---|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Bendigo Law Courts Development (BLCD) – Local Jobs First (LJF) Internal Audit | Compliance with the Local Jobs First Act 2003 (the Act). Under section 23 of the Act, CSV is required to undertake an independent audit of its compliance with the Act. | Verify the commencement and contract delivery of the BLCD project, in line with the LJF policy and agency guidelines. | February 2022 – September 2023 | Provide an audit outcome across two reports, assessing CSV's compliance with the LJF policy. The first report was provided in May 2022, the second report was provided in September 2023. | 100,000 | n/a | n/a |

⁷ Internal reviews do not include internal costings. Internal reviews/evaluations include any reviews or evaluations undertaken by your department and not given to external consultants. Internal reviews/evaluations do not include inquiries carried out by Parliamentary Committees or reviews undertaken by integrity agencies.

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Evaluation of Mildura family violence intervention order (FVIO) Breaches Pilot Project | Evaluation of the pilot's effectiveness to inform expansion of the Koori Court jurisdiction to hear FVIO contravention matters (a <i>Royal</i> <i>Commission into</i> <i>Family Violence</i> recommendation) in line with safeguards endorsed by the Aboriginal Justice Forum. | Mixed methods evaluation, including process and outcome elements. Qualitative data collection includes interviews with Aboriginal court users (among other stakeholders). The evaluation covered a 12- month period as designed, but experienced COVID related delays and impacts. MCV is reviewing the findings of the evaluation to guide internal process and inform future service delivery. | January 2020 – December 2021 | Evaluation will be used to inform future service offerings to Aboriginal court users. | 107,759 | 145,276 | N - opportunities to share key findings with relevant stakeholders are being reviewed. |
| Specialist Children's Court – Formative Evaluation and Cost Benefit Analysis | Review of the service model and benefits of existing dedicated ChCVs. Establish resource requirements for expansion to remaining court locations, including the new Wyndham Law Court (WLC) and | Identify benefits of the ChCV state-wide reach, specifically on the listing and case management processes. Identify benefits of the specialisation in the experience and expertise of ChCV Magistrates and staff. | June – November 2021 | Development of a model outlining the changes and resources required to expand dedicated ChCV services, in a scalable way, across the state including to the new WLC and BLC. | 226,793 | 226,793 | N - final analysis used to inform internal decisions and ChCV's budget submissions. |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|---|---|---|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | Bendigo Law Court (BLC). | Develop a model to outline the changes and resources required to achieve a defined future state. | | | | | |
| Courts Family Violence Reform – Client Experience Feasibility Study | To improve Family Violence court attendees' experience by changing the design and amenity in waiting areas/public areas in selected courts. | Designs for capital improvements at three sites: Wodonga, Melbourne and Broadmeadows. Detailed designs for future capital improvements. | October 2021 – June 2022 | Inform the CSV Design Guide and proposals for other future waiting area upgrades. Feasibility study report including concept designs, recommended sites for prototype construction and recommended delivery options. | 196,135 | 196,135 | N – commercially sensitive. |
| Evaluation of MCV Family Violence Reforms | Process and outcome evaluation of the MCV-led family violence reforms, with a particular focus on the Specialist Family Violence Courts (SFVC). | Mixed methods evaluation, which includes state of the science literature review, interim and final process evaluation report and final outcome evaluation report (including a cost effectiveness assessment). The scope and timeframes were revised to include a COVID impact assessment. | September 2019 – December 2023 | Evaluation informed the roll out of tranche 2 SFVCs and is contributing to the broader knowledge and evidence base around effective family violence responses. Interim findings are being used to guide internal practice and | 801,195 | n/a | n/a |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|--|-------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | | | | inform service delivery enhancements. | | | |
| MCV Digital Transformation Implementation Project Review | Review of opportunities for progressing and integrating MCV's digital ecosystem pillars (the Online Magistrates' Court, the Case Management System and proposed MCV Service Centre) to improve the courts digital presence and service delivery and reduce pending matters caused by COVID restrictions. | Review of the MCV Service Centre Design and Rollout Strategy Development of the: MCV Service Centre Costs Model the MCV Service Centre Demand & Workforce Model – used for modelling frontline, enquiry-handling workforce requirements based on available incoming demand data and preliminary assumptions the Registry Services Demand & Workforce Model – used for modelling FTE required to service current Registry demand based on available volume and time. | May 2022 – July 2022 | Rigorous testing and evolution of the MCV digital service ecosystem plans, including confirmation of the MCV Service Centre Design and Rollout Strategy, the interoperability of the plan's components and their integration; ensuring the model is scalable and future- proofed. | 500,000 | 500,000 | N – final report used to guide internal planning and MCV's budget submissions. |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|---|---|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Bendigo Law Courts Development (BLCD) – Local Jobs First (LJF) Internal Audit | Compliance with the Local Jobs First Act 2003 (the Act). Under section 23 of the Act, CSV is required to undertake an independent audit of its compliance with the Act. | Verify the commencement and contract delivery of the BLCD project, in line with the LJF policy and agency guidelines. | February 2022 – September 2023 | Provide an audit outcome across two reports, assessing CSV's compliance with the LJF policy. The first report was provided in May 2022, the second report was provided in September 2023. | 100,000 | n/a | n/a |
| Analysis of CSV's depreciating assets and maintenance | Analysis to inform business case drafting for a budget funding submission. | Asset analysis to assess and prioritise maintenance works. | October 2022 – December 2022 | Improved risk assessment and ability to prioritise maintenance budgets and works. | 21,508 | 21,508 | N – subject to review and stakeholder feedback. |
| Evaluation of MCV Family Violence Reforms | Process and outcome evaluation of the MCV-led family violence reforms, with a particular focus on the Specialist Family Violence Courts (SFVC). | Mixed methods evaluation, which includes state of the science literature review, interim and final process evaluation report and final outcome evaluation report (including a cost effectiveness assessment). The scope and timeframes were revised to include a COVID impact assessment. | September 2019 – December 2023 | Evaluation informed the roll out of tranche 2 SFVCs and is contributing to the broader knowledge and evidence base around effective family violence responses. Interim findings are being used to guide internal practice and inform | 801,195 | n/a | n/a |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|--|-------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | | | | service delivery enhancements. | | | |
| MCV Digital Transformation Implementation Project Review | Review of opportunities for progressing and integrating MCV's digital ecosystem pillars (the Online Magistrates' Court, the Case Management System and proposed MCV Service Centre) to improve the courts digital presence and service delivery offer and reduce pending matters caused by COVID restrictions. | Review of the MCV Service Centre Design and Rollout Strategy. Development of the: MCV Service Centre Costs Model the MCV Service Centre Demand & Workforce Model – used for modelling frontline, enquiry-handling workforce requirements based on available incoming demand data and preliminary assumptions the Registry Services Demand & Workforce Model – used for modelling FTE required to service current Registry demand based on available volume and time. | May 2022 – July 2022 | Rigorous testing and evolution of the MCV digital service ecosystem plans, including confirmation of the MCV Service Centre Design and Rollout Strategy, the interoperability of the plan's components and their integration; ensuring the model is scalable and future- proofed. | 500,000 | 500,000 | N – final report used to guide internal planning and MCV's budget submissions. |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| MCV Strategic Communication Review | Assessment of communications and media engagement function and structure to ensure a fit for purpose, post COVID operating model. | Observational assessment and stakeholder consultations to inform recommendations on service model design and areas of priority. | April – June 2023 | Identification of opportunities for delivering a broadened communications suite of functions. | 59,000 | 59,000 | N - report commissioned to inform organisational decision making. |
| Northern Courts Complex Project | A market sweep and options analysis of the Northern Courts Complex. | Provide CSV with suitable site options in the northern corridor, an options analysis and assist with development of site selection criteria and site evaluation. | Completed June 2023 | Provide options with associated analysis and site selection assessment criteria. | 22,500 | 22,500 | N – commercially sensitive. |
| Design and Sustainable Planning Organisational Review | Analysis to assist preparation of funding submission for future asset maintenance. | Asset analysis to prioritise annual maintenance program for court assets. | June 2021 – November 2022 | Improved ability to prioritise maintenance budgets and works. | 19,800 | 19,800 | N – subject to review and stakeholder feedback. |
| Echuca Court Accommodation project | An options analysis and assessment of Echuca Court accommodation. | Market sweep of alternative high-quality sites Site evaluation of options against the essential parameters Assessment of high-level commercial terms for each site | July 2022 – September 2022 | Provide key commercial terms of options, site selection assessment outcomes and indicative NPCs for options (lease, buy and build). | 14,000 | 14,000 | N – commercially sensitive. |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Estimate of build and fit- out costs Net Present Cost (NPC) analysis of the options Identify delivery and procurement risks associated with the project. | | | | | |
| CCV Court Directions | The County Court Strategy: Court Directions 2017- 2022, required replacement. | Facilitation of research and consultation to advise on development of a new County Court Strategy. | September 2022 – March 2023 | A new County Court Strategy: Court Directions 2023-26. | 88,000 | 88,000 | Y – <u>County</u> <u>Court</u> <u>Strategy:</u> <u>Court</u> <u>Directions</u> <u>2023-26</u> |
| CCV Case Management | Evaluation of the case management service model to inform recommendations on future investment and quality improvement activities. | Evaluation of case management activities between 2020 and 2023 to assess the value in continued delivery, including: the extent to which the program was well planned and implemented the intended program objectives were achieved and effective the desired program outcomes were achieved and efficient | March 2023 – November 2023 | To inform recommendations on future investment and quality improvement activities. | 136,195 | n/a | n/a |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|---|--|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | opportunities for continuous improvements. | | | | | |
| Wyndham Law Court (WLC) – Procurement Plan Review | A review and update of the strategic procurement plan for the WLC development. | Delivery of four workshops to review, analyse and refine the WLC business case procurement strategy. This was required due to the length of time between the original business case submission and funding approval. | July 2021 – October 2021 | A recommendation report following completion of the four workshops. An updated strategic procurement plan. | 142,134 | 142,134 | N – commercially sensitive. |
| William Cooper Justice Centre (WCJC) | A feasibility review of custody at the WCJC. | To review and provide advice to CSV on the feasibility of operationalising custody management facilities at the WCJC. To provide broad advice on the feasibility of remedial action options to upgrade these facilities to meet contemporary custody standards. | April 2023 – June 2023 | Independent report on the viability of WCJC custody access. Provision of advice in line with current custody management standards and minimum guidelines and requirements for the management of prisoners in custody. | 36,000 | 36,000 | N – commercially sensitive. |
| Bendigo Law Court (BLC) operational readiness | Engage a DTF- approved Gateway Review panel to complete the BLC | The Gateway Review panel reviewed project documents and interviewed key project stakeholders to: | November 2022 – December 2022 | The Gateway Review panel provided a Gate 5 Final Report, which: | 11,000 | 11,000 | N – opportunities to share key findings with |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|---|--|----------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | Gateway 5 Review: Readiness for Service. Note, BLC was not assessed as a High Value High Risk project but CSV choose to undertake Gateway reviews to ensure robust project management and delivery. | assess contractual arrangements establish if testing of BLC was likely to be completed satisfactorily within project scope, time and budget determine if CSV would be ready for operations to commence by February 2023. | | found an overall green rating, indicating high likelihood of successful project delivery within time, cost and quality identified areas of good practice provided six amber recommendations to support the success of future comparable CSV or government projects. | | | relevant stakeholders are being reviewed. |
| Health, Safety and Culture Committee (HSCC) | To review the current operations of the HSCC. | Review relevant background materials including the terms of reference and work plan, conduct meetings with relevant parties, collate and analyse findings and provide a report of findings. | Completed March 2023 | Report of findings, key themes and recommendations. | 11,500 | 11,000 | N – internal review only. |
| BLC – Specimen Cottage | A feasibility study of BLC's Specimen Cottage. | John Wardle Pty Ltd (JWA) was engaged to undertake desktop mapping and analysis of Specimen Cottage's existing condition. Three options were to be | April 2023 – May 2023 | Provide a report of the mapping outcomes and analysis of the cottage's existing condition. Provide three options for adaptive reuse including future state images and | 11,500 | 11,500 | N – purchase is under consideration. |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | provided for future adaptive reuse. The report will inform CSV's decision to purchase Specimen Cottage. | | diagrams to inform CSV's work toward purchasing the cottage. | | | |
| BLC – Niagara Hotel | A feasibility study of BLC's Niagara Hotel | JWA was engaged to undertake an architectural review of Niagara Hotel to evaluate its feasibility to conduct court related activities or futureproofing the space for court administrative functions. | Completed April 2023 | Provide a report with an architectural review of Niagara Hotel, including architectural layouts to use Niagara Hotel for court related activities. | 33,700 | 33,700 | N – commercially sensitive. |
| County Koori Court (CKC) | Review the CKC structure and resourcing to map gaps between current roles and responsibilities and demands on the Koori Court Unit. Recommend future state structure and resourcing of the Koori Court Unit. | An independent consultant was commissioned by CCV Specialist Courts to review the structure and resourcing of the CKC. This was conducted via desktop review and structured interviews with key stakeholders. Quantitative data was not available. | May 2023 – October 2023 | Redesign of CKC position descriptions and strategic plan to better align with current and future roles and responsibilities due to program expansion and evolving service needs. | 18,000 | n/a | n/a |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|---|--|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| CCV Court Integrated Services Program (CISP) | An economic evaluation of CCV's lapsing CISP pilot and MCV's lapsing CISP indictable stream pilots. | Joint CCV and MCV independent evaluation of the lapsing CISP pilots. Benefits other than economic were not in scope and the evaluation included retrospective and prospective analysis. The economic analysis focused on three justice system economic benefits (avoided costs): diversion from remand, reduced risk at sentencing and reduced reoffending. | August 2022 – December 2022 | Cost benefit analysis found a benefit cost ratio (BCR) of 2.44. Prospective cost benefit analysis indicates an increase in BCR over four years to 3.5. | 159,656 | 159,656 | N – for internal use only. |
| Joint Drug Court Evaluation (CCV and MCV) | A DTF requirement for a joint evaluation of MCV's and CCV's Drug Courts. | A mixed-methods outcome evaluation, including: qualitative and quantitative feedback from current and former Drug Court participants engagement with stakeholders across the justice, health and human services and housing systems | November 2022 – November 2023 | Results of the outcome evaluation will be used to inform current and future therapeutic court operations. | 463,450 | n/a | n/a |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|--|---|----------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | quantitative comparison of criminal justice and health and human services outcomes between the treatment group and a matched control group economic assessment of the costs and benefits associated with the investment. | | | | | |
| ChCV Readiness and Resolution | Comparative analysis of cost effectiveness in alternative dispute resolution. | Cost and efficiency analysis of early resolution approaches in child protection proceedings. Focusing on Judicial Resolution Conferences, Conciliation Conferences and Directions Hearings, as they form the suite of readiness | May 23 – July 23 | Evidence base for the preferred and most cost- effective model. | 85,000 | n/a | n/a |
| CCV Judicial Support Services (JSS) | An assessment of CCV's JSS operating model. | and resolution case events. To ensure the leadership structure for JSS is fit-for- purpose and to identify opportunities for structure enhancement in the near to medium term. | February 2023 – April 2023 | Provision of: an enhanced JSS leadership structure within available budget a best practice JSS leadership structure | 222,915 | 222,915 | N – for internal use only. |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | | The scope was expanded during the course of the review to include a review of the roles and responsibilities within Common Law registry and Common Law chambers in relation to lists, so to streamline work, increase efficiency as work increases and ensure work aligns appropriately with roles. | | role clarity and ways of working framework to alleviate workload across the division. | | | |
| Fleet Management | A review of CSV's fleet management. | Independent review of the Courts Group's compliance with the Department of Treasury and Finance's (DTF) Victorian Fleet Policies and Procedures and contractual agreements where applicable. | February 2023 – May 2023 | To support CSV's implementation of Quality Management System (QMS) standards and make recommendations for best practice improvements to the Quality and Asset Management Systems. | 41,995 | 41,955 | N – opportunities to share key findings with relevant stakeholders are being reviewed. |
| Court Models | A research project for court models conducted under the Aboriginal Justice Agreement Phase 4. | Independent report outlining possible models, their benefits and requirements through internal consultations with CSV staff and external research. The report will create an evidence base to guide | May 2023 - September 2023 | Provide evidence-based research and identified models for consideration and future implementation within CSV. | 40,241 | n/a | n/a |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scope | Timeline | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. | |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | future decision making around the design and investment for three initiatives: courts programs on Country and in community-based settings multi-jurisdictional Koori Liaison Officers therapeutic and healing courts, focused on servicing people with multiple and complex needs. | | | | | | |
| Courts supply chain | Research into supply chain pressures impacting courts. | Research report on the impacts COVID has had on global and local construction, including: lead times and costs for building and technology materials, equipment and labour project costs planning for Victorian Government new projects. | August 2022 – October 2022 | Provide insights into changing market conditions to assist with: business case preparation project scoping and planning management of budget, stakeholder expectation and financial authorities. | 11,570 | 11,570 | N – commercially sensitive. | |

| Name of the review (portfolio(s) and output(s) /agency responsible) | Reasons for the review/evaluation | Terms of reference/scone | | Anticipated outcomes | Estimated cost (\$) | Final cost if completed (\$) | Publicly available (Y/N) and URL If no, why. | |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Business Continuity Management | A review of CSV's COVID response and lessons learned in line with CSV's Strategic Plan 2020- 25. | Review CSV's COVID response to leverage lessons learnt to improve business continuity and resilience. | May 2023 – November 2023 | Leverage lessons learnt from COVID for business continuity and operational resilience. | 28,900 | n/a | n/a | |

b) Please outline the Department's/Agencies in house skills/capabilities/expertise to conduct reviews/studies/evaluations/data analysis of the programs and services for which the Department /Agency is responsible.

CSV employs staff with a range of in-house skills, capabilities and/or expertise to conduct reviews, studies, evaluations and/or data analysis of the programs and services that CSV delivers. This includes skills related to policy development and review, program review, evaluations, data analysis, financial analysis and forecasting.

Question 28 (all departments) Climate change

a) Under FRD 24 Reporting of environmental data by government entities, Victorian Government organisations must report their greenhouse gas emissions and other environmental impacts. Please list the department/entity's internal targets for reducing greenhouse gas emissions in 2021-22 and 2022-23 and the department/entity's performance against these internal targets.

| Internal target for reducing greenhouse gas emissions 2021-22 | Performance against internal target as at 30 June 2022 |
|--|--|
| Develop internal targets for reducing greenhouse gas emissions | CSV developed an Environmental Sustainability Policy document that committed to "reduce greenhouse gas emissions via reduction in energy consumption and the procurement of renewable energy and energy efficient products". |
| | Environmentally Sustainable Design (ESD) guidelines were tailored to CSV's needs prior to 30 June 2022 and are intended to guide reduction of operating emissions, incorporate asset lifecycle analysis and help clarify climate change risk in line with existing government guidelines, legislation, and regulations. |
| Internal target for reducing greenhouse gas emissions 2022-23 | Performance against internal target as at 30 June 2023 |
| Implement Environmental Sustainability Policy | CSV's <i>Environmental Sustainability Policy</i> was endorsed by the CSV Chief Executive Officer in August 2022. CSV commenced implementing its environmental management system in May 2023. |
| Implement the ESD guidelines | CSV commenced implementing ESD guidelines in May 2023. |
| Integration of ESD targets in asset project delivery | Emission reduction targets have been integrated with existing management systems and processes such as the Asset Management Accountability Framework, and CSV's Strategic Asset Plan. Emission reduction costings are being included with existing capital, as well as informing future funding bids. Benefits are expected to be realised in 2023-2024 and ongoing. |
| Environmental Management System | Benefits of reduced resource consumption and reduced waste will be realised in 2023-24 and ongoing. |

b) Please outline and quantify where possible the department's actions in 2021-22 and 2022-23 that have contributed to the Whole of Victorian Government emissions reduction pledge.

CSV has commenced implementing an Environmental Management System (EMS) to meet government requirements and reduce CSV's impact on the environment. Initial training commenced in May 2022. Objectives included reducing greenhouse gas emissions, ensuring new capital works incorporate environmentally sustainable principles, making environmentally sound purchasing decisions for capital items and consumables, encouraging staff to reduce environmental impacts through behaviour change, communicating environmental performance through regular reporting, reducing waste and maximising reused

and recycled resources. The EMS was last audited in September 2022, with the system receiving a certificate of compliance, and the system is subject to an annual maturity assessment by an independent accredited auditor.

CSV has established and maintained procedures to conform with AS/NZS ISO 14001:2016, which included identifying the environmental aspects of its activities and operations, defining and documenting roles and responsibilities to facilitate effective environmental management, identifying training needs and establishing a training program to equip personnel with environmental management knowledge, monitoring and measuring the key operations and activities that can have a significant impact on the environment, and establishing and maintaining procedures for defining responsibility and authority for handling non-conformance in relation to environmental management. CSV is continuing the rollout of the EMS, which includes an active Environmental Works Program to reduce air conditioning and related plants' energy consumption via building management system upgrades or changes at select high-energy intensity sites, and to implement National Australian Built Environment Rating System (NABERS) ratings for all major office tenancies to benchmark energy performance.

CSV has adopted the internationally recognised rating system of Green Star by the Green Building Council of Australia (GBCA). In line with the Victorian State Government target to reduce emissions by 45-50 per cent by 2030, new facilities (Bendigo and Wyndham Law Courts) delivered by CSV exclude the use of natural gas, since this is a non-renewable resource. The Bendigo Law Courts is on track to achieve a 6 Star Green Star rating (currently pending a decision from GBCA), the highest available under the scheme. The facility is also ready to transition to Zero Emissions Vehicles (ZEV), with chargers available to staff and judiciary. Electricity conservation initiatives include but are not limited to a solar photo-voltaic array offsetting a portion of electricity consumption, electrical sub-metering system, high-efficiency air conditioning plant, light-emitting diode (LED) lighting, and 100 per cent Green Power purchasing. The design of the Wyndham Law Courts is also on track to achieve a Green Star 6 rating and be ZEV-ready for staff and judiciary. Cranage on construction sites is traditionally diesel powered; however, at the Wyndham Law Courts site, diesel power has been replaced with an electric alternative, powered by renewable electricity.

CSV has developed a comprehensive Environmentally Sustainable Design guide to ratify this Green Star target and additional CSV sustainability targets. This maintains compliance with Shared Service Providers Office Accommodation Fit Out Guidelines Interim addendum October 2021, that "All newly built government-owned offices to be built to achieve 6 Star NABERS/6 Star Green Star." CSV is reviewing works projects to reduce electricity consumption via initiatives such as LED lighting and motor controllers during maintenance and renewal.

Once CSV procures renewable electricity, this will reduce the emissions from operating facilities and reduce the volume of offsets required for natural gas consumption across the portfolio. CSV has transferred all energy utility accounts to State Procurement Contracts to facilitate the Victorian Government target to derive 100 per cent of its electricity from renewable sources by 2025. Environmental sustainability is a key component of new facility design. CSV implements some of the latest innovations to reduce environmental impact of building construction and operation and considers the wellbeing of occupants.

CSV minimises travel by using telephone and video conferencing facilities whenever possible. Staff are encouraged to utilise public transport.

Question 29 does not apply to CSV.

Question 30 (all departments) Annual reports – performance measure targets and objective indicators

a) Please provide the following information on performance measures that did not meet their 2021-22 targets.

| Performance measure | 2021-22 target (Budget) | 2021-22 actual (Annual report) | Variance | Explanation | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Average cost per case – Civil matters disposed in SCV | 2,745 | 2,910 | 0 6.0 The variance between the estimate and full year results is due to an increase of 6 per cent. | | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Civil matters disposed in CCV | | | Courts | | |
| Average cost per case – Civil matters disposed in MCV | 1,083 | 1,498 | 38.4 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to a decrease in the number of cases finalised due to the impact of COVID on operations. | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Civil matters disposed in VCAT | 1,185 | 1,509 | 27.3 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to a decrease in the number of cases finalised due to the impact of COVID on operations. | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Criminal matters disposed in CCV | 17,936 | 48,808 | 172.1 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to an increase in the output budget; the impact of COVID on operations resulting in delays of jury trials and the need to operate at a significantly reduced capacity. The variance would have been 85.5 per cent but for the one-off expense incurred in connection to the purchase of the County Court facility. | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Criminal matters disposed in MCV | 1,342 | 1,545 | 15.1 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to a decrease in the number of cases finalised due to the impact of COVID on operations. | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Criminal matters disposed in the ChCV | 1,130 | 1,233 | 9.1 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to a decrease in the number of cases finalised due to the impact of COVID on operations. | Courts |
| Case clearance rate – Civil matters disposed in CCV | 100 | 94.7 | -5.3 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to a decrease in finalisations, partly attributed to fewer judicial officers sitting in the Common Law Division as they were diverted to the Criminal Law Division to assist with the case backlog. | Courts |

| Performance measure | 2021-22 target (Budget) | 2021-22 actual (Annual report) | Variance | Explanation | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted |
|--|-------------------------------|---|----------|--|--|
| Case clearance rate – Civil matters disposed in VCAT | 100 | 88.5 | -11.5 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to the impact of COVID on VCAT operations, particularly during the first three quarters. Targeted backlog reduction activities delivered an average clearance rate above 100 per cent in the final quarter. | Courts |
| Court file integrity in ChCV – availability, accuracy and completeness | 90 | 84.4 | -6.2 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to changes in operations in response to COVID. | Courts |
| Court file integrity in VCAT – availability, accuracy and completeness | 90 | 83.0 | -7.8 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to delays in placing documents on the physical file after entry into the case management system. An improvement was observed in comparison with the previous year, reflecting increased training and a focus on filing processes. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Civil matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in MCV | 80 | 70.8 | -11.5 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to easing of restrictions coupled with use of the MCV online court and agile listing practices resulting in a larger number of finalisations compared with the previous year. A focus on finalising older cases, however, negatively impacted the on-time case processing result. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Family Division matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in ChCV | 90 | 83.3 | -7.4 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to the pandemic's impact on court operations. The number of pending final hearings increased due to the unsuitability of some contested matters to be heard online. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in SCV | 85 | 78.0 | -8.2 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to the impact of COVID on court operations as well as the fast-track procedure for homicide cases. Since January 2020, approximately one third of trial/sentence matters have arrived via the fast-track procedure, which, whilst reducing the engagement time with the court system overall, has increased the engagement time with SCV because of the significant pre-trial steps, which would normally occur in the lower courts. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in CCV | 90 | 73.7 | -18.1 | | Courts |

| Performance measure | 2021-22 target (Budget) | 2021-22 actual (Annual report) | Variance | Explanation | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------|---|--|
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in MCV | 85 | 40.7 | -52.1 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to easing of restrictions coupled with use of the MCV online court and agile listing practices, resulting in a larger number of finalisations compared with the previous year. A focus on finalising older cases, however, negatively impacted the on-time case processing result. For criminal matters, 85 per cent of finalised cases were finalised within 18 months of their initiation date. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in ChCV | 90 | 70.9 | -21.2 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to COVID's impact on court operations, and difficulties with the online participation of young people charged with less serious offences who were unrepresented. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Family violence intervention orders resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in MCV and ChCV | 90 | 73.1 | -18.8 | The variance between the estimate and full-year result is due to an increase in cases finalised. Easing of restrictions coupled with use of the MCV online court and agile listing practices resulted in a larger number of finalisations compared with the previous year. A focus on finalising older cases, however, negatively impacted the on-time case processing result. | Courts |

b) Please provide the following information for objective indicators where data was not available at publication of the annual report 2021-22.

| Objective indicators stated in annual report for which data was not available at date of publication | Best available data for 2021-22 and relevant date | Explanation for the absence of data in annual report | Action taken to ensure timely data for 2022-23 annual report |
|--|---|--|---|
| n/a | | | |

c) Please provide the following information on performance measures that did not meet their 2022-23 targets.

| Performance measure | 2022-23 target (Budget) | 2022-23 actual (Annual report) | Variance | Explanation | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Average cost per case – Civil matters disposed in MCV | 1,548 | 1,787 | 15.4 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a decrease in the number of cases finalised. | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Family Division matters disposed in ChCV | 1,403 | 1,860 | 32.6 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a higher proportion of court costs attributed to civil matters than estimated, arising from the higher resource intensity of child protection matters (classified as civil). | Courts |
| Average cost per case – Criminal matters disposed in SCV | 47,476 | 56,674 | 19.4 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a higher proportion of court costs attributed to criminal matters than estimated, and general operating cost increases, including depreciation. | Courts |
| Case clearance rate – Civil matters disposed in CCV | 100 | 81.0 | -19.0 | The variance between the estimate and the full-year result is due to a significant increase in initiations in the Commercial Division, compared to 2021-22 when the estimate was set. | Courts |
| Case clearance rate – Civil 104 94 matters disposed in MCV | | 94.4 | -9.2 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to lighter listings resulting in lower finalisations early in the year while managing the transition to a new case management system for civil cases, and the gazettal of additional courts as specialist family violence courts. By quarter four the clearance rate for the overall civil jurisdiction had increased to 101 per cent. | Courts |
| Case clearance rate – Family violence intervention orders disposed in MCV and ChCV | Case clearance rate – Family 104 94.5 -9.1 The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a violence intervention orders disposed in MCV and ChCV 104 ChCV | | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a decrease in finalisations during the gazettal of additional courts as specialist family violence courts in quarter two. By quarter four the clearance rate had increased to 102 per cent. | Courts | |
| Court file integrity in VCAT – availability, accuracy and completeness | 90 | 84 | -6.7 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a continued reliance on paper files in some lists, with the resulting delay between receiving, printing and filing documents impacting completeness. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Civil matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in CCV | 90 | 77.5 | -13.9 | • | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Civil matters resolved or otherwise | 90 | 84.0 | -6.7 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to a focus on finalising the oldest cases in the Residential Tenancies list as part of | Courts |

| Performance measure | 2022-23 target (Budget) | 2022-23 actual (Annual report) | Variance | Explanation | Output(s) and portfolio(s) impacted |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------|--|--|
| finalised within established timeframes in the VCAT | | | | backlog recovery strategies, disproportionally affecting the whole of tribunal result. | |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in SCV | 85 | 78.0 | -8.2 | The variance between the estimate and the full year result is due to the higher proportion of cases finalised after 12 months. This is attributable to the resumption of jury trial activity and the consequent reduction of the backlog of cases delayed by pandemic-related disruptions. | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in CCV | 80 | 67 | -16.3 | | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in MCV | 85 | 55.1 | -35.2 | | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Criminal matters resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in ChCV | 90 | 79 | -12.2 | | Courts |
| On-time case processing – Family violence intervention orders resolved or otherwise finalised within established timeframes in MCV and ChCV | 90 | 84.1 | -6.6 | ÷ | Courts |

d) Please provide the following information for objective indicators where data was not available at publication of the annual report 2022-23.

| Objective indicators stated in annual report for which data was not available at date of publication | Best available data for 2022-23 and relevant date | Explanation for the absence of data in annual report | Action taken to ensure timely data for 2023-24 annual report |
|--|---|---|--|
| n/a | | | |

Question 31 (all departments and entities) Challenges experienced by department/agency

Please list a minimum of three main challenges/risks faced by the department/agency in 2021-22 and 2022-23.

A significant challenge may be any matter or strategy that impacted the department/agency, whether it arose externally or internally or as a result of new policy or legislation.

2021-22 response

| | Challenge experienced | Internal/ External | Causes of the challenge | Action taken to manage the challenge/risk |
|----|--|-----------------------|---|--|
| 1. | Pending jury trials in SCV and CCV | External | Suspension of jury trials due to the COVID pandemic, initially from March to November 2020 and during intermittent circuit- breaker lockdowns in 2021-22 | In 2021-22, the Courts Group continued to undertake a range of actions to manage pending jury trials in SCV and CCV caused by ongoing and intermittent public health restrictions in response to COVID. Initiatives included: Active case management by judicial registrars and division lawyers to progress as much non-jury criminal work as possible including appeals, pleas and sentences, pre-trial argument, case management, pre-recording of evidence, bail applications, and crimes mental impairment hearings. Conversion of many civil jury trials to trial by judge. Courtroom technology upgrades in 18 CCV courtrooms and audio-visual link upgrades in jury pool rooms to enable juries to be selected online. Infrastructure works and risk mitigation protocols to support COVIDSafe in-person hearings including jury trials. |
| 2. | Increase in pending matters in MCV | External | Disruptions to operations due to COVID and intermittent circuit-breaker lockdowns in 2021-22 | The number of pending matters in the highest volume court remained higher than pre-COVID levels but the court stabilised caseload growth through a range of actions including use of the new Online Magistrates' Court across the state, expanded powers for judicial registrars and modernised practice changes to progress court matters. MCV continued to triage and prioritise urgent cases, particularly those involving family violence victim survivors. Homicide and homicide-related cases were also fast-tracked to SCV to expedite such matters being heard and resolved. |
| 3. | Increase in pending matters in VCAT | External | Disruptions to operations due to COVID and intermittent circuit-breaker lockdowns in 2021-22 | VCAT continued with the use of remote hearings and technology enabled solutions to manage the disruptions caused by COVID during 2021-22. VCAT's accelerated digitisation of the Planning and Environment Division List included e-filing of new applications, creation of digital case files with 'real time' access for VCAT Members and staff. In addition, VCAT utilised a surge workforce of additional |

| Challenge experienced | Internal/ External | Causes of the challenge | Action taken to manage the challenge/risk |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | IT, registry, administration, and case management specialists to ensure matters were heard within statutory timeframes and in compliance with the new <i>Guardianship and Administration Act 2019</i> . |
| | | | In addition, VCAT referred appropriate Residential Tenancy cases to mediation and deployed additional member resources to decide cases. |

2022-23 response

| | Challenge experienced | Internal/ External | Causes of the challenge | Action taken to manage the challenge/risk |
|----|---|-----------------------|---|---|
| 1. | Pending caseloads | External | Disruptions to operations due to COVID pandemic and intermittent circuit- breaker lockdowns | The number of pending matters continued to be higher than pre-COVID numbers as at 30 June 2023 for a number of jurisdictions. Actions taken to manage this challenge included increasing the listing of jury trials which resulted in a reduction in pending numbers between June 2022 and June 2023 in several trial divisions of SCV and CCV. In MCV and VCAT, there were a range of operational changes and additional resources utilised to mitigate the growth in pending caseloads. In the case of ChCV and CCOV, the number of pending matters was lower at 30 June 2023 than it was in March 2020 (pre-COVID date). |
| 2. | Court services needed in the Loddon Mallee community | External | Additional resources needed to increase services | In February 2023, the Victorian Premier and Attorney-General opened the new Bendigo Law Courts, a multi-jurisdictional, technology-enabled and user centric facility which provides a range of justice services needed by the Bendigo and wider Loddon-Mallee community. CSV consulted widely to understand user needs, delivered the project within budget and on time, and is continuing to work with key stakeholders to optimise service delivery. |
| 3. | Aging and not-fit-for- purpose court infrastructure | Internal | CSV manages 80 courthouses and facilities state-wide with 42 per cent of assets aged over 50 years | CSV continues to proactively manage the high risk of critical infrastructure failure – across built assets, security systems and in-court technology – to minimise court facilities outages that could have serious effects across the court system. CSV's Strategic Asset Plan 2021-36 sets out a strategy for securing future court infrastructure that is evidence-based, integrated, and responsive to the evolving operating environment. Critical priority works also inform infrastructure works most urgently needed to keep courts open and productive. |

Question 32 (all departments) Newly created bodies

Please list all newly created bodies (authorities, offices, commissions, boards and/or councils) created within the department in 2021-22 and 2022-23 and provide the following information:

- Date body created
- Expenditure in relevant financial year
- FTE staff at end of relevant financial year
- Purpose/function(s) of the body

2021-22 response

| | Name of the body | Date body created | Expenditure in 2021-22 | FTE staff | Purpose/function(s) of the body | Who the head of the newly created body directly reports to |
|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | n/a | | | | | |

2022-23 response

| | Name of the body | Date body created | Expenditure in 2022-23 | FTE staff | Purpose/function(s) of the body | Who the head of the newly created body directly reports to |
|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
| r | n/a | | | | | |

Section I: Implementation of previous recommendations

Question 33 (relevant departments only)

a) Please provide an update on the status of the implementation of each of the below recommendations that were made by the Committee in its *Report on the 2020-21 Financial and Performance Outcomes* and supported by the Government.

| Department | Recommendations supported by Government | Actions taken at 30 September 2023 | | |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| n/a | n/a | n/a | | |

b) Please provide an update on the status of the implementation of each of the recommendations that were made by the Committee in its *Report on 2019-20 Financial and Performance Outcomes* supported by the Government.

| Department | Recommendations supported by Government | Actions taken at 30 September 2023 | | |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| n/a | n/a | n/a | | |

Questions 34 to 39 do not apply to CSV.

End of Questionnaire.